

Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXIII. NO. 101.

HONOLULU, H. I.: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1893.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 2080.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

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FOR THE FOUNDER

Conclusion of the Annual Obser-
vance at Kamehameha.

ADDRESSES AND MUSIC

Gymnasium Crowded—A Repre-
sentative Gathering—Fore-
noon Service.

The large gymnasium at Kamehameha College was crowded last evening for the literary and musical exercises arranged in celebration of Founder's Day. All this was in honor of the memory of the late Bernice Pauahi Bishop, who designed that a liberal portion of her riches should be used in education of the Hawaiian. The gymnasium was especially decorated for the occasion and was well lighted. The guests began to arrive early and at the time for the opening prayer all the seats that had been secured were occupied. The music, under the direction of Professor Richards and Miss Clymer, was of a high order of merit, showing that there had been careful training. Rev. C. M. Hyde and W. O. Smith were in attendance as representing the Board of Trustees of the Bishop Estate. The gathering of all interested in the Kamehameha schools was a notable one. This was the program carried out:

Invocation..... Rev. C. M. Hyde.
Chorus—"Kamehameha Song".....
By the Schools.
Chorus—"Praise the Lord"..... Heyden
Kamehameha Preparatory School.
Address—"The New Conditions and
How Young Hawaiians May Meet
Them—The Educational Part".....
President Sanford B. Dole.
Chorus—"My Country Dear"..... Lysberg
Kamehameha Girls' School.
Address—"The New Conditions and
How Young Hawaiians May Meet
Them—The Industrial Part".....
Mr. W. N. Armstrong.
Music—"Breath of the Night"..... Lamoth
Kamehameha Glee Club.
Chorus—"Pauahi Keali"..... C. Clymer
Kamehameha Girls' and Manual
School.

K. G. S. Call.
Benediction.
The Advertiser will publish here-
after the addresses of President Dole
and Mr. Armstrong.

At 10 o'clock yesterday morning
there occurred the annual ceremony
of decorating the grave of the late Mrs.
Bishop in Nuuanu valley. The boys
marched in military order and looked
well. The girls were taken in busses.
There was used an enormous quantity
of flowers and vines for the covering
of the tomb. The boys had started for
the mountains at 2 a. m. to gather
fresh ferns and malle and had returned
by 9 with all that could be used. Thir-
teen boys were detailed for the trip
and they traveled horseback. As they
came along the streets of the town
they attracted the attention of the peo-
ple who happened to be about so late,
but set all at ease by politely explain-
ing their purpose.

The Founder's Day celebration, in
many respects the most interesting
ever held, is now entirely ended. Mr.
Thompson, principal of the Boys' School,
and Miss Pope, principal of the Girls' School, are to be congrat-
ulated on the admirable and effective
manner in which the occasion has been
marked.

Queen Dowager Contributed.

The Queen Dowager Kapiolani was
perhaps the heaviest contributor to the
articles gathered for the bazaar given
by the ladies of Kaunakapili church
on Saturday. Rev. Mr. Kimoko, the
pastor and his wife, have been work-
ing the whole year for this fair and
are greatly pleased with its success.
More than \$400 was realized. The
Government band was furnished free
for the evening and Herr Nolte donat-
ed all the coffee required. Mrs. Achl
brought many pretty and attractive ar-
ticles. Those of the Central Union
church who assisted were Miss Nellie
Judd, Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Gulick and
G. P. Castle. The goods that were left
from the fair are on sale in the Mc-
Intyre building, Fort street.

A Grand Duke.

H. I. H. Grand Duke Cyril of Russia
was the cynosure of all eyes as he walk-
ed down the gang plank of the liner
China at the Pacific Mail dock yester-
day afternoon. He is returning to St.
Petersburg after service with the Rus-
sian fleet on the Asiatic station. Consul
of Russia, J. F. Hackfeld, is entertain-
ing Grand Duke Cyril during his stay
here.
The grand duke is a quite young man
of fine appearance.

DIVISION OF INDEMNITY.

(The following from an official source, is sent to the Advertiser
by a friend in Japan. It shows what became of the \$75,000
indemnity paid by the Republic of Hawaii on suggestion from
Washington.)

The distribution of the indemnity paid by the Hawaiian
Government for the damage caused by its refusing the landing
of our emigrants after having formed the subject of investigation
at the Department of Foreign Affairs for some time, was decided
upon on the 7th inst. The said indemnity amounting to 150,000
yen will be distributed as follows:

To the ship-owners:
Kobe Maru..... over 14,300 Yen.
Kinal Maru..... over 6,000 Yen.
Sakura Maru..... over 6,000 Yen.
Hakusan Maru..... over 2,100 Yen.
To the Emigration Companies:
Tokyo Immi Goshi Kwaisha. over 30,000 Yen.
Kobe Toko Goshi Kwaisha. over 10,000 Yen.
To the Emigrants:
1,505 persons in all..... over 108,000 Yen.

The emigrants are divisible into two classes. First those who
were refused landing at the Hawaiian Islands. These number
1,171, of which 145 being contracted emigrants received about 24
yen per head; and 1,026 free emigrants were given sums of money
varying from \$9.90 to 109 yen per head. There are further those
who were stopped during their voyage. These number 324 in all,
of whom the emigrants from Kumamoto Prefecture received 29
yen per head, while those from Miyagi Prefecture received 21 yen
per head.

CAPT. LOMBARD.

A Naval Officer of Note Visits
Honolulu.

Capt. J. E. Lombard, U. S. N., formerly
of Portland, Ore., is a passenger
on the China, en route from Manila to
Mare Island. Capt. Lombard is an old
U. S. navy man, having seen service
during the rebellion and afterwards
was an officer under the Chinese Gov-
ernment. He resigned from that ser-
vice to go into business. He was
called from the retired list at the
breaking out of the war and was in
command of the U. S. S. Active, guard-
ing the Alaskan coast. He was after-
wards placed in charge of a squad of
sailors to reinforce Dewey's fleet and
took them from Mare Island to Ma-
nila. Upon his return Capt. Lombard
will probably be assigned to command
one of the transports, or perhaps the
U. S. tug Frodo. He has had favor-
able mention for several important
positions in the navy. He hails from
Maine and is a townsman and friend
of Arthur Sewall, the shipbuilder, father
of Special Agent Sewall.

Japanese Warship.

Lieutenant Uyeno of the Imperial
Japanese Navy, makes a suggestion in
a recent number of the Taiyo, of Yoko-
hama, on the advisability of dispatch-
ing Japanese warships to Europe and
America. The lieutenant's suggestion
is that six warships should be station-
ed in Europe, two in America, one at
Honolulu, Hawaii, and two in Aus-
tralia. The lieutenant estimates that, ac-
cording to the ordinary rate of allow-
ance, outfit incidental to the carrying
out of the proposed scheme amounts to
about 300,000 yen a year. But allow-
ances to officers and seamen must nec-
essarily be increased in the event of
their being dispatched abroad. Calculat-
ing on past experiences, the gallant
officer puts this additional outfit at
113,000 yen approximately. The two
tens total a little over 400,000 yen, ex-
clusive of coal and other requirements
for navigation. As these necessary ar-
ticles of consumption will not involve
any greater expenses abroad than in
home waters, the cost of stationing
eleven warships abroad may practical-
ly be estimated at about 400,000 yen.
The lieutenant points out the benefits
immediate and prospective, accruing
from the carrying out of this scheme.

Pacific's New Officers.

There were quiet installation cere-
monies last evening at Masonic Temple
of the new officers for Pacific Lodge.
The installation was under the direc-
tion of H. E. Cooper, Grand Master
Deputy. These are the officers:
R. W. M.—N. E. Gedge.
D. M.—J. Phillips.
S. M.—A. W. Keech.
S. W.—W. A. Whiting.
J. W.—J. Walker.
Secretary—H. H. Williams.
Treasurer—W. O. Atwater.
Chaplain—F. L. Hoogs.
S. D.—L. T. Kenake.
J. D.—E. O. White.
S. S.—W. L. Stanley.
J. S.—G. C. Potter.
I. G.—J. W. Bergstrom.
Tyler—J. W. Lyle.

Booked.

For San Francisco per Steamer Chi-
na sailing December 20.—G. F. Brewer,
Miss Brewer, Miss B. Dickey, Mrs. L.
L. Dunbar, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Holt, H.
W. Schmidt, C. S. Deaky, Mrs. J. S.
Martin, Miss Martin, Miss A. Lisbman,
Miss R. M. Peariman, P. E. Fisher, W.
A. Love, Mrs. M. Carrall, Mr. and Mrs.
E. Paris, E. D. Tenney, J. R. Burns, L.
T. Reardon, W. A. Kinney, wife, child
and nurse, W. Waldo, J. Wallace, W.
C. Dart, Mrs. C. A. Johnson, Mr. and
Mrs. C. H. Worthington, Miss M.
Schmidt.

THIRD TRIAL.

Porter and the Pork Packing Co.
Again.

In a trial before the Circuit Court in
the case of F. F. Porter vs. the Ha-
waiian Pork Packing Company, Limited,
a corporation, a decision was given
in favor of plaintiff. On a writ of error,
the case went to the Supreme Court,
where a new trial was ordered. It was
held and resulted as before. Yester-
day Judge Perry granted a motion for
another trial. R. D. Stillman for the
company; G. A. Davis for Porter.
Statements from sailors on the S. S.
City of Columbia in the suit for wages
were heard yesterday morning by D.
H. Case, master.

The hearing of the Chinese habeas
corpus matter, brought before the Su-
preme Court yesterday morning, went
over till Wednesday at 10 o'clock.

AT ST. ANDREW'S.

Seasonable Sermon By Rev. Mr.
Mackintosh.

An increased attendance both morn-
ing and evening marked the Second
Congregation's services at St. Andrew's
Cathedral Sunday. An augmented
choir rendered most effective music at
matins which will be continued until
Lent.

At vespers, Rev. Alex. Mackintosh,
who officiated at both morning and
evening services, preached from the
text "Let your moderation be known
unto all men. The Lord is at hand;"
Philippians, IV:5. Here is the sign of
our attachment to religion. For modera-
tion is the garment we must wear to
serve the Lord. St. Paul was in bonds
when he wrote these blessed words,
but he knew full well that he, who
would be ready for the Master's com-
ing, must in every word and deed be a
Christian, not only to his fellow reli-
gionist, but to the whole world. Trials
and tribulations bring out the true
Christian character. If a brother hate
us why should we hate him? We must
make Christ our pattern when fighting
sin and error. Every churchman who
in the coming week sings "Peace, good-
will to men," must exercise in every act
the solemn advice of St. Paul summed
up in the word "moderation." This
must be apparent. Our charity must
enlarge and it is our duty to make ev-
ery man a neighbor. We should show
our charity to all and exercise oursel-
ves in both temporal and spiritual
things before all men and then we shall
be ready when the Lord is at hand.

On Christmas day the Holy Eucharist
will be administered at 5:30 in the
morning and after the regular service
at 9:30 a. m. It is hoped that commu-
nicants will avail themselves of the early
communion and save the press which
occurs at the later hour.

May Extend Wharves.

It is believed that at the next meet-
ing of the Cabinet, the Chamber of
Commerce will present wharf plans.
The idea most discussed just now is to
extend right out into the bay the two
new wharves, Irmgard and Nuuanu. It
is urged that the length of each be
doubled. There is also advocated the
construction of wharves near Lime
Kila Point.

CARGO HANDLING.

At Chicago last week the steamer
Helena arrived one morning with a
cargo of 2100 tons of coal. Within forty
hours the coal was unloaded and the
steamer left the river with 102,000
bushels of wheat.

A CABLE SURVEY

Revenue Cutter Ranger to Come
to Islands.

MESSAGE OF MCKINLEY

Mission Life in China—Germany
Wants the Carolines—The
New Army.

CABLE SURVEY.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The United
States revenue cutter Ranger is being
fitted out at San Francisco and will
soon sail for the purpose of surveying
the route of the Pacific cable between
Hawaii, the Philippines and Japan, via
the Caroline and Ladrone Islands. Rear
Admiral John Irwin, a Director of the
Pacific Cable Co., will accompany the
expedition.

THE MESSAGE.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—President McKin-
ley's message declares the construction
of the Nicaragua canal with American
control indispensable. Referring to
China, the President claims friendly
indiscriminating treatment of Ameri-
can commerce from the new occupants
of the Chinese ports, and proposes the
formation of a committee to study the
commercial and industrial conditions
in China. He also urges regular and
frequent steamship communication
under the American flag with the new
possessions, including the Philippines,
and endorses increase of the army and
navy.

President McKinley's message does
not define the policy to be pursued in
regard to the new colonies, but urges
Congress to deliberate earnestly on the
subject. It suggests the increase of
the army to 100,000, and demands
money for the navy, but proposes no
financial or tariff changes.

MISSION LIFE IN CHINA.

PEKING, Dec. 8.—The insurgents who
carried away the French missionaries in
Sze-chuen being reputed to be of
particularly ferocious character, it is
feared that their recovery will be ex-
ceedingly difficult.

In the event of China's inability to
recover them, France threatens to send
troops to that province through Yun-
nan. But it is believed England will
oppose the execution of the threat.

Germany has demanded of the Chi-
nese Government the infliction of se-
vere punishment upon the local authori-
ties and the escorting back to his mis-
sion of the wounded German mission-
ary with a sufficient display of pomp
and ceremony.

CAROLINES.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The Times Wash-
ington correspondent telegraphs that
Spain is negotiating for the sale of the
Caroline Islands to Germany. It is
believed the United States will not ob-
ject, although she may wish to buy one
island for a coaling and cable station.

NATIVES FOR ARMY.

LONDON, Dec. 5.—Russell Alger,
Secretary for War, recommends re-
cruiting a portion of the new troops
from the natives of the Antilles and
Philippines, and the building of a rail-
way throughout Cuba at a cost of
twenty million dollars.

AUSTRIA'S RIGHTS.

BERLIN, Dec. 2.—Great sensation
has been created in Austria and Ger-
many by the declaration of the Aus-
trian premier in the Reichsrath, that
if the expulsion of Austrian subjects
from Germany continues, Austria will
have to defend her rights.

SUFFERERS' FUND.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—The Government
will make, it is believed, a free grant
of £40,000 for certain classes of prop-
erty damaged by the hurricane in the
West Indies.

DREYFUS.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—The Senate has
adopted a motion extending to military
tribunals the abolition of secret exami-
nation. M. de Freycinet, Minister of
War, opposed the amendment, except-
ing in cases of national danger.

JAPAN'S FOREIGN POLICY.

The Jinnin publishes an article over
the above heading. It admires the
mighty position held by England and
reviews the speech recently delivered
by Lord Salisbury, the Peace Confer-
ence of America and Spain, the Fas-
hoda question, etc. It discusses the re-
lative positions of the powers in the
Far East, and argues that as they are
being constantly counteracted by each
other, Japan occupies an exceedingly
advantageous situation, and suggests
whether Japan ought not to adopt
measures calculated to give her a free
hand in Korea.

DOSHISHA SCHOOL.

According to the Hochi, Yokohama,
the negotiations that have been pend-
ing between the representatives of the

American Mission Board and the trust-
ees of the Doshisha school about the
restoration of the constitution of the
school to its former status, have been
brought to a deadlock in spite of the
mediation of Count Okuma and Colonel
Buck, United States Minister; and un-
less the trustees agree to restore the
constitution, which is unlikely, the af-
fair will be brought forward before a
minor court for decision.

BUSINESS AND POLITICS.

(Japan Times.)

Now that the political situation has
become definitely settled with the con-
clusion of an entente between the Cab-
inet and the Liberal Constitutional-
ists, businessmen have begun to direct
closer attention to many important
questions of the day, amongst which
the adjustment of the state finance of
course stands out most conspicuously.
Osaka businessmen, as also their con-
temporaries of Tokyo, are pronounced ad-
vocates of the increased land tax meas-
ure, and have repeatedly passed resolu-
tions approving of it. They adopted a
similar resolution a day or two ago,
and have telegraphically memorialized
the Government and the political par-
ties on the vital importance of speedily
arranging the state finance on a
sound basis. The messages were to
the effect that the increased land tax
and other additional revenue meas-
ures should be speedily enacted.

A Few Smiles.

Indications are that Li Hung Chang
has lost his underwear this time.—The
News, Detroit.

It takes an active Carolina negro to
exercise the franchise and dodge bul-
lets at the same time.—The Tribune,
Detroit.

The fourteenth amendment to the
Constitution looks as if it would be a
good thing if any one would pay any
attention to it.—The Record, Chicago.

The platform "Thou Shalt Not
Steal," upon which Dr. Swallow ran in
Pennsylvania, was defeated by an enor-
mous vote. He should try "Come Un-
der the Plum-tree" next time.—The
Times, Richmond.

No Cause for Trouble.—"Are the In-
dians near your ranch troublesome?"
"Naw. They hain't got nothin' we
want."—The Plaindealer, Cleveland.

His Characteristic Blunder.—"What
do you think of Spain's peace commis-
sion?"

"I don't know," answered Senator
Sorghum, who was thinking about
something else; "how much commis-
sion is it and who gets it?"—The Star,
Washington.

COURT FOR BOYS.

Chicago Plan to Deal With Juvenile
Offenders.

According to a Chicago paper, plans
for the establishment of a "justices"
court in which boys under sixteen
years of age alone shall be tried, and
which shall be under the control and
supervision of the Board of Education,
are being discussed by R. M. Smith,
superintendent of the John Worthing
school; Frank G. Soule and Albert C.
Barnes, assistant state's attorney.

The juvenile court project was origi-
nated by Superintendent Smith and Mr.
Soule, and their conference with Mr.
Barnes was for the purpose of inducing
him to draft a bill to be presented to
the State Legislature for passage. The
law sought to be created is contem-
plated only for application to Cook
county and to provide for the sending
of juvenile offenders to the John
Worthing school until the proposed tru-
ancy school shall be in operation. The
promoters of the scheme submitted to
Mr. Barnes an outline of a measure
covering the requirements and asked
his aid and advice. They said the pro-
posal had received cordial endorsement,
and they were sure the legislature
would be willing to enact into a law a
bill that would conform with the Con-
stitution.

MILITARY BALLOONS.

Thomas C. Boone, one of the three
men who made ascents in the war bal-
loon at Santiago, in telling a Boston
audience of his experiences said:
"Newspaper correspondents and maga-
zine writers have condemned the bal-
loon, but in my opinion there can be
no question of the value of the balloon
in warfare. We were able to locate the
enemy, and in one particular instance
undoubtedly saved many lives when
we informed our men of a body of the
enemy about 300 strong hidden in the
pass on the slope commanding a nar-
row path up which our men were about
to march."

THE PAUL JONES.

The secretary of the navy has direct-
ed that torpedo boat destroyer No. 10,
now under construction at San Fran-
cisco, be named Paul Jones, after that
noted naval hero of the early days of
the Republic.

HAD GOOD SPORTS

Annual Field Games at Kamehameha School.

A LONG LIST OF EVENTS

Seniors and Juniors—Favorable Day—Band Music—Sharp Contests—A Dinner.

Field sports, in honor of Founder's day, were held on the Kamehameha school campus Saturday afternoon. A good breeze blowing out of the north, made the day a comfortable one for the great crowd of spectators and for the participants. Though there was not the keen competition which lends interest to a contest between two rival colleges, the boys were ambitious and did good work.

There were eighteen events on the program, six belonging to the juniors and twelve to the seniors of the school. The field officers being men of experience, and knowing the time it would require to run off such a lengthy program, deftly managed to pull off two events at a time, finishing the sports by 5:15. The boys seemed to have a greater interest in the pole vaulting than in the other contests, working long and hard for first place.

In the evening the seniors were given a banquet by the members of the Girl's school.

Captain Berger's band furnished the music.

The events with winner and records were as follows:

JUNIORS.

Running broad jump, distance 18 feet 8 inches—J. Pa, first; U. Lemon, second; H. Aikue, third.

Running high jump, height 4 feet 10 inches—W. Searle, first; U. Lemon, second; E. Hardee, third.

Fifty yard dash, time 6-2 seconds—W. Campbell, first, J. Pa, second; A. Hottendorf, third.

Throwing 12-pound hammer, distance 81 feet 6 inches—J. Hose, first, M. Hardee, second, J. Nahoeu, third.

Pole vault, height 6 feet 6½ inches—U. Lemon, first; J. Pa second, E. Haman, third.

One hundred yards high hurdles, time 15½ seconds—H. Hanakahi, first, J. Pa, second.

SENIORS.

Running high jump, height 5 feet 4 inches—C. Paehaole, first; J. Mahoe, second; J. Poo and J. Cockett tie.

Putting 16-pound shot, distance 35 feet 9 inches—J. Burgess, first, S. Kalua, second; J. Poo, third.

Fifty yard dash, time 6 seconds—J. Fern, first, Harbottle, second, S. Kalua, third.

Four hundred and forty yards run, time not taken—D. Kaloi, first, L. Alau, second, T. Cummings, third.

Running broad jump, distance 19 feet 10½ inches—J. Fern, first; F. Amoy, second, J. Gurgess, third.

Throwing 16-pound hammer, distance 91 feet 2 inches—J. Burgess, first; J. Nahale, second; F. Kanee, third.

Two hundred and twenty yards dash, time 27¼ seconds—S. Kalua, first; J. Kuoha, second, C. van Giesen, third.

Pole vault, height 9 feet 3¼ inches—J. Fern, first, second and third tie.

Eight hundred and eighty yards run, time 2:30—D. Kaloi, first, L. Alau, second; J. Kalaina, third.

One hundred yards high hurdles, time 15 seconds—J. Cockett, first; D. Harbottle, second, F. Cockett, third.

One hundred yard dash, time 11¼ seconds—D. Kaloi, first, D. Harbottle, second, S. Kalua, third.

A POISON USED

Method of Wholesale Slaughter of the Mosquito.

The Mexican Central Railway Company is engaged in a new experiment which if it is a success is claimed for it, will be of great value to the residents of this island. To show how earnest they are in the matter they have created a new office—of mosquito commission—and the person to be awarded to Captain George C. Spry, superintendent of telegraphs for the company.

Experiments in different parts of the United States and in New Jersey in particular have demonstrated the fact that the extermination of the mosquito can be accomplished.

An exchange in discussing the matter said:

"So, the investigation has demonstrated the fact that a few grains of pyrethrum powder will destroy all the embryos of mosquitoes in a very short area of mosquito camp. At two cents an acre all the mosquitoes can be killed off for a space of fifteen days and as the breeding time is but two months four cents will assure protection for the entire year. This places it within the possibility of a state and certainly a city, to entirely rid itself of a great nuisance."

April and May are the two months in which mosquitoes breed. They are

purely local in their habits, and not migratory, as some suppose, and they seldom move more than a hundred feet from the place of their birth. Hence, to exterminate the breed in a certain locality would rid that locality of the pest for that season at least, and the method of extermination is so inexpensive that an entire community may be rid of them at a very small expense.

Hand Car Fatality.

If a railway man were killed in the States through any instrumentality of a hand car his family would consider it a lasting disgrace to the tribe's escutcheon and his friends would whisper that he had come to an ignominious ending. This was the sad fate of a Japanese. Three Japs were on a car going into Waiakua. There was a derailment on a down grade. Two of the men escaped without a mark. The third landed on his neck, was paralyzed and died in a few hours. It is stated that an inquest is not necessary.

A HEART BOWER

Marriage of Miss E. Parker and Frank Woods.

A Grand Event at Mana—Those Prominent in the Ceremony. Decorations—Supper.

(Special Correspondence)

At Mana on Wednesday the 14th inst., Miss Eva Parker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Parker, was married to Mr. Frank Woods of Kahua. The event was a social success in every way. The bride was given away by her father with Miss Alice Woods as bridesmaid. The bridegroom was escorted by his brother, Mr. Samuel Woods.

The marriage hall was most beautifully decorated with wreaths of smilax and roses, and the bridal couple stood under an archway of flowers, representing two entwined hearts, artistically placed by Mr. Ernest Parker. The Rev. M. Tompkins of Paauilo, officiated. The bride was attractively dressed in a cream satin gown, trimmed with point d'alencon and valenciennes.

After the ceremony the bridal couple led the way to the dining hall, where a sumptuous supper, a la Hawaii, was laid. Numerous toasts were offered the most prominent being to the happy couple, to Mr. and Mrs. Parker and to Princess Kaiulani.

From the dining hall the guests repaired to the dance hall, where the quintette club of Honolulu furnished music till daylight, at which time the bridal couple departed, amidst showers of rice and old shoes, for their new home.

Among the most notable guests present were Princess Kaiulani, Prince David Kawananakoa, Prince Cupid Kahanakoa and wife, Mrs. S. Cockett, Mrs. M. Keohokalele, Major A. H. Mickerson, U. S. A., Captain Lydie, U. S. A., Captain J. Ross, Hay Wodehouse, R. Hind and wife, Mr. and Mrs. J. Jarrett, Mr. and Mrs. C. Noley, Mr. and Mrs. Stillman, Mr. and Mrs. Lunahelei, Mrs. R. Parker, Mrs. K. Kaana, Mrs. E. J. Parker, Mrs. F. Spencer and daughters (2), the Misses Woods (3), the Misses Randall, Clara Low, D. Richardson, Bell (2), K. Vida, Robertson, Richardson, E. Low, Messrs. S. Woods, P. Parker, W. C. Spruill, P. Phillips, B. Gallagher, F. Vida, W. Fredenburg, H. Akona, C. Williams, R. Parker, Jr., S. H. Mahuka, L. Paakiki, J. Pitt, J. C. Austin, A. Kaana.

Forestry Fire

Saturday shortly after noon a fire broke out 100 yards below the Government nursery on Tantalus. Mr. Haughts went up with a force of men and succeeded in putting out the fire before it destroyed much timber. About an acre was burned over. The police were immediately notified but no trace of the person who started the blaze has yet been found.

TWO POINTED QUESTION ANSWERED

What is the use of making a better article than your competitor if you can not get a better price for it? Anna—As there is no difference in the price the public will buy only the better, so that while our profits may be smaller on a single sale they will be much greater in the aggregate.

How can you get the public to know your make is the best? If both articles are brought prominently before the public both are certain to be tried and the public will very quickly pass judgment on them and use only the better one.

This explains the large sale of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The people have been using it for years and have found that it can always be depended upon. They may occasionally take up with some fashionable novelty put forth with exaggerated claims but are certain to return to the one remedy that they know to be reliable, and for coughs, colds and croup there is nothing equal to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

NOT THE STOCK

John M. Horner's Defense of His Forestry Paper.

FURTHER FACTS ARE PRESENTED

Close Observation in Hamakua. Not "Decidedly Wrong"—He is Ready to Demonstrate.

EDITOR P. C. A.—I see in viewing my report on Forestry at the late Planters meeting, some of its members express the belief that I am "decidedly wrong" when I state that "stock does not injure forests as much as man, fire and worms."

It must be remembered I was writing respecting the destructive enemies to our Hamakua forest on the Island of Hawaii, which is one of the largest forests of the group, where I have seen various enemies of the forest at work the past sixteen years and write from a knowledge of the facts. I know I am not mistaken. I am not in the habit of writing theory for facts.

I am but slightly acquainted with other forests of these Islands, save the one above mentioned. Other forests may differ from this. They may contain a kind of tree that stock will kill. There may be no destructive worms there, and perhaps no fires. On the other Islands the forests are so small, man has encroached upon them but slightly and my belief is, if the truth was known, stock has injured them still less.

If any doubting Thomas will come up here, I can show him hundreds of acres of dead koa. Not one was killed by either man, fire or stock. Worms destroyed them. I see them at work. Fire and stock leave their mark upon trees they destroy. Their mark is not on these trees. Yet they are dead.

I will show a young ohia forest that has grown up the past thirty years. It is vigorous, with horned stock in plenty in it all these years. Mr. Wilson told me he had a part of this land rented years ago, and he got 1000 hides a year from the wild cattle in this forest. If men's theories were true about stock destroying forests, this forest should be all dead, instead of now being in vigorous growth, excepting where it has been encroached upon by man. One may ride hither and thither over it for days without finding so much as one tree killed by stock. It is true there are long strips of old ohia forests dying and falling, both where stock run and where none have been for a score of years, that seemingly died from old age. They had lived out their generation, which is the only way I can account for their being dead. Neither man, fire or stock killed them, I am quite sure. Stock will kill the young koa tree under the conditions named in my report. There may be other exceptional cases, but being exceptional, they are not worth naming.

It would be interesting if some one would give in detail how stock destroy forests, as I have lived among stock and near large forests most of my life and never taken it in and have yet to see the first forest destroyed by stock. In referring back to the days of my youth in New Jersey, farmers there were very particular to have shade for their stock in all their pastures. These shade trees were apple, pear, hickory, black walnut and forest, all of good size, but not so large as the ohia and koa grown here. Yet during the fifteen years my mind runs back, not even one of those trees was ever destroyed by stock. I think it would be well for those who feel a deep interest in forest preservation, to look beyond stock for the principal enemies of Hawaiian forests.

JOHN M. HORNER

Fair a Big Success.

Fair one thousand of the people of the city patronized on Saturday afternoon and evening the fair of the Kamehameha church people. The large room for the bazaar as well as the yard had decorations placed with the attractiveness so marked in the work of Hawaiians in this line. Mrs. J. B. Abernethy, Mrs. Nellie Judd and a number of other ladies of Central Union were on hand to assist in the good work. At the several booths there were displayed hundreds of pieces of the handwork of the women and girls of Hawaiian homes. These goods were purchased generously not only for Christmas presents and souvenirs, but often for their real worth in daily life about the house.

Eczema, scald head, bites, itchiness of the skin of any sort, instantly and permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any chemist's 50 cents.

Capt. Morse of the ship Fort George, in nursing a sprained ankle and a tender spot under his ribs, the result of a fall on deck while on the voyage up from Newcastle. The Fort George arrived last Saturday afternoon, coal laden for Wm. G. Irwin & Co.

JUST RECEIVED
Per Bark ALBERT
STRONG
Young : Mules.
EXTRA LARGE.

Just what is required for Plantation Work.

SCHUMAN'S CARRIAGE AND HARNESS REPOSITORY.

ISLAND ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. FORT STREET ABOVE CLUB STABLES.



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The "HEYWOOD" SHOES For Men.

THE SHOES OF TODAY.

These Shoes are scientifically constructed. They are as comfortable as money and skill can make them, and fit the foot as nature intended.

Every pair guaranteed.

Gents' Premier Lace - - \$4.50.

Gents' Globe Lace - - - 4.50.

Gents' Pall Mall Lace - 4.50.

Gents' Premier Congress - 4.50.

Gents' Globe Congress - - 4.50.

Gents' Paris Congress - 4.50.

These Shoes cannot be had elsewhere. Call and examine for yourself.

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THE : HOLIDAYS

At Specially Low Prices to Reduce Stock.

Eldridge,

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NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER.

SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist.

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DR. W. AYERDAM, Manager.

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JEWEL
STOVES

WE are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent. off the regular price of all our stoves: In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

MERIT JEWEL RANGE.

1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coll.

EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE.

1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coll; 1 size, 1 style, with or without Water Coll.

CITY JEWEL RANGE.

2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coll, and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.

WELCOME JEWEL STOVE.

2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

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3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

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2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

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HONOLULU.

CLARKE'S
WORLD-FAMED

Blood Mixture

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORE.

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scoury, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores, Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck, Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Face, Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face, Cures Scrofula, Cures Cancerous Ulcers, Cures Blood and Skin Diseases, Cures Glandular Swellings, Clears the Blood from all impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS From All Parts of the World.

Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d., and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

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Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

BEST AT STUDY

Sons of the Orient Apply Themselves to Their Books.

HAVE GREAT APPLICATION

Research Club Evening on Education in Hawaii—Agriculture Proposed for Native.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

At the home of Rev. W. M. and Mrs. Kincaid last evening, the Young Men's Research Club held the most interesting and best attended meeting of the present season. About thirty members were out for the occasion. Rev. Mr. Kincaid received. The residence of the pastor of Central Union is a hospitable home. At the conclusion of the program of the evening, the hosts caused refreshments to be served and a delightful half hour social was had.

Professor Edgar Wood, of the High School, gave the first paper of the evening. It was a well considered essay on the education of the Hawaiian. Professor Wood analyzed the traits of the races congregated here. For the Hawaiian he advocated an agricultural education. He said that in their growth as a nation, they had reached the farming plane and that it would be perfectly natural for them and best for them to turn to tilling the soil, as they were doing when the Islands were discovered and opened to the world for commerce and internal development. Professor Wood had the highest hopes for the successful outcome of the recently inaugurated work of teaching the Hawaiian youth scientific or modern farming.

Professor Scott, principal of the High School, gave a charming talk of half an hour, bubbling over with fact and logic and with a tint of anecdotes. He was on the program to speak of the education of the Chinese and Japanese in Hawaii. The professor told something of his work as an educator in the schools of Japan, under the auspices of the government there. The pupils came to their lessons wearing two swords, as they belonged to the two-sword caste. The native system of education had been for a scholar to be taught first how to make the characters and some of the characters had seventy distinct marks. They went to a second teacher to get the pronunciation of the marks and to a third to learn the meaning of the word. In this process alone a Japanese spent double the time that an American would use in going through a public school, a preparatory school and then taking a university course. The Japanese and Chinese, Professor Scott declared unreservedly, and having all nationalities in mind, were the greatest students on earth. They never cheat at "exams," and are always courteous. The Japanese were unstable. They changed teachers, changed schools and changed studies. The Chinese had in a marked degree, the quality of application. In the faculty of observation, both races were lacking. The brightest scholars in all studies in the schools of this country are the Chinese and Japanese. The Chinese stick to a course. The Japanese will want to plunge from an ordinary knowledge of English to deep research. In Japan a boy of ten or twelve, would take up works on international laws, for instance and commit to memory hundreds of pages of the book. The speaker said that the Chinese and Japanese children being here must be educated by the state. All should be educated in the English and the plan or even thought of separate schools could not be entertained.

Professor Thompson, principal of Kamehameha school for Hawaiian boys, spoke of the efficiency of the new course in agriculture at his institution, but did not believe there would be large results soon. The boys took kindly to the work upon learning that they could use their heads as well as their hands in it.

The general discussion brought out various expressions.

Great Ship in Dock.

The managers of the port of Southampton are naturally jubilant over the fact that the biggest liner afloat should have to seek the dry dock accommodation of Southampton. The North German Lloyd ship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, with her 14,350 tons, met with a slight mishap to one of her huge propellers, and this necessitated her being docked for repairs. Southampton is the only port in the United Kingdom where this could be done. That is one of those paramount facts which have helped to effectually spread Southampton's reputation as an ideal port for passenger traffic.

The vessel is 627 feet long, 66 feet beam, and 35 feet 8 inches depth, and could be taken into Mort's dock as to length quite comfortably. The Sutherland dock, which is 633 feet long, has but 608 feet in the floor. In beam the

German liner would be a tight fit at Mort's, the breadth of that dock being 66 feet, the width of the ship. At Southampton they have two docks large enough to accommodate the vessel. The Prince of Wales dry dock is 750 feet long and 91 feet wide, with 32 feet on the sill, while another dock is 60 feet long on the floor, with the same beam as the Prince of Wales, and a like depth on sill.

A Native Injured.

A Hawaiian came into the police station from Manoa yesterday wanting medical attention and the services of officers of the law. Blood was still streaming down the face of the visitor from a bad scalp wound. Dr. Emerson was called and dressed the injury. The Hawaiian made the statement that he was attending a luau and that everyone was having a good time till some new haole started a row. The fighting became quite general and in the melee the wounded man was struck with a rock. He had an idea that another Hawaiian did the damage and left a description of the man suspected.

STABBED IN BACK

Japanese Horribly Punished By a Countryman.

Is a Mysterious Case—No Motive Discovered—in a Hospital.

Police at Work.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

Japanese are monopolizing the attention of the police these days. There has been another bloody affair down in the sea. It happened at 8 o'clock, twelve minutes and sixteen seconds last evening.

There is deep mystery in this case. No cause for the assault can be learned from any source. The injured man is a carpenter. All he could say was that two men known to him as keepers of a restaurant called. The visitors threw the householder down and on the back of the prostrate figure there were inflicted five wounds. Three of the stabs are heavy and deep. The other two are light marks. A woman ran from the house and set up a scream for the police. The presence of the woman may aid in reaching the knowledge for cause of the crime.

Kimura is the name of the man who was murdered. He was able to talk but little. He said his callers were named Mishima and Tagata. Kimura said he had not the slightest idea or suspicion of reason for the assault. He did not know the men, had never had any dealings of any sort with them.

The wounded man was taken to the Japanese hospital near Kaumakapili church. The surgeon, after examining the stabs and dressing them said that the man would in all probability die from the shock and loss of blood. It took an hour and a half to sew up the wounds. A reporter for the Advertiser visited the ward occupied by Kimura. In the little room were eight men and a woman, all working over the patient, who was suffering severely, and was being bathed about the head with hot water and having bottles of hot water applied to his body. One of the Japanese on duty was able to speak some English. He questioned the woman and the male friends of the wounded man and answered back that no one could tell why Kimura had been stabbed. Kimura would die, it was stated. Toma, the Japanese attached to the police force, was sent by Captain Parker to investigate the case. Toma learned that he was acquainted with the man supposed to have done the stabbing, and was hunting all night for the wielder of the knife.

The temperance people are working hard in the direction of preparing a memorial to be sent to Congress.

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FROM HILO TOWN

Newsy Items Culled From Papers of Place.

A JAP FALLS TO DEATH

Church Debt Cancelled—New Business Block—Fish Market—Soldiers in Hospital.

(Culled from Hilo Papers.)

CHURCH DEBT WIPED OUT.

Through the untiring exertions of Mr. C. E. Richardson the sum necessary to clear off the debt on the Hilo First Foreign church has been collected and the edifice now stands unencumbered. About six months ago the indebtedness amounted to \$4,600. At that time Mr. Alexander Young and the late Theo. H. Davies promised to give \$1,000 each if the balance was subscribed before New Year. A determined effort was made to accomplish this, and thanks to the generosity of Mr. J. A. Scott, Mr. C. C. Kennedy and Mrs. C. C. Kennedy, who each contributed \$500, with the help of the other members of the congregation, the necessary sum has been raised.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

On Sunday of last week a Jap, while riding down Hakala gulch got too near to the makai side of the road and horse and rider toppled over the embankment into the stream below. The horse escaped without injury, but the rider, in falling, had struck his head on a stone, stunning himself, and before assistance arrived was drowned. A fence round this portion of the road would prevent such accidents.

A NEW BLOCK.

It is learned on good authority that W. C. Peacock & Co. will proceed with the erection of their long proposed Hilo business block so soon as the weather will permit. The building will be of brick, and as Hilo is liable to have more or less rainy weather during the winter months it seems advisable to wait until spring and settled weather. The block will be constructed in all probability after the original plans, and will include five stores, two on Waihanu street, two on Bridge, and a large one at the corner of the two streets. The second floor will be used for offices. Hilo is forging ahead slowly but surely, as the steady increase in substantial building blocks and handsome residences shows.

PROPOSED FISH MARKET.

J. G. Serrao has secured the lease of the lot designated as a public fish market, at a rental of \$635 per year, overbidding several competitors. Mr. Serrao, according to the terms imposed by the Government, must build on the corner of Shipman and Front street a market building to cost not less than \$2,000. The lease is for twenty-one years, but may be bought back by the Government, if at any time it sees fit to use the property for other purposes, for a sum fairly remunerative to the lessee for time, trouble and improvements. The Government having sanctioned this place for a public fish market will prevent the sale of fish elsewhere. The building will be equipped with stalls, which will be rented by Mr. Serrao to those who wish to sell fish. He has plans already formulated, but these must be submitted to the sheriff for his approval, and are subject to any alterations by him.

NOTES.

The Kinaiu will leave on her Christmas trip on Thursday, December 22, at 8 p. m., instead of Friday. This will take her into Honolulu early Saturday morning.

J. R. Wilson, late proprietor of the Volcano Stables, has accepted the offer of the directors of the company and will again manage the stables. He is a passenger on the Roderick Dhu, which left San Francisco December 1. Capt. McDonald, who has had command of the Hawaii for some time past, goes down on the Kinaiu to take command of the Helene. Capt. Lane, formerly mate on the Maui, will take the Hawaii, having come up on the Kinaiu for that purpose.

Mr. Harrison, purchasing agent for the British-American S. S. Co., has made an offer to Mrs. L. T. Grant for the lease of the Hilo Hotel. Mr. Grant gave Mr. Harrison an option and left with him for Honolulu to present the matter before the owners of the hotel.

Dr. R. B. Williams states that there are still fifteen of the soldiers in Hilo hospital, and of these four are able to go about and will leave for Honolulu on the Kinaiu tomorrow. Lieut. Vossler, who has been cared for at the Hitchcocks, will also go down. The others, while not strong enough to leave are doing exceedingly well.

PORTUGAL'S NAVY.

An Earnest Movement to Again Have a Flotilla.

The trials of two small Portuguese cruisers, the San Gabriel and San Raphael, will, writes a Lisbon correspondent, take place at an early date at Havre, where they are building.

Great efforts are being made to strengthen the Portuguese navy, which has of late years fallen into a sad state of decline. A French engineer was lately engaged to organize the Lisbon dock yard, and sums of money (which the country cannot afford) are being spent on new ships, while the unfortunate Portuguese boardholders look in



FORBIDDEN PORTRAIT OF CAPT. DREYFUS.

This portrait of Captain Dreyfus was made by the French authorities immediately after his degradation by the military authorities. Its circulation is forbidden in France, but a copy was recently secured by Black and White of London, and through that publication it is given to the world.

vain for interest on their money.

Portugal owns one small and ancient ironclad, the Vasco da Gama, built in 1875, on the Thames, which represented her at the jubilee review.

Two large cruisers are building at Elswick and Lisbon. These are the Carlos I. and the Amelia. With another cruiser, built in Italy in 1896, they represent the serviceable Portuguese navy.

There are six old cruisers, mostly of wood, twenty-two gunboats, and a flotilla of river gunboats rusting on the Zambesi. Twelve torpedo boats and a motley collection of old transports, bring up the rear.

The plans are prepared for two new ironclads of small size, but whether they will ever be built is doubtful.

Mr. Hardin Norris, clerk of the drug store of R. Shoemaker, Perry, Ill., says: "A man came into our store the other day and said: 'I want a bottle of that stuff that saves children's lives. I read in the News about it. The children may get sick when we can not get the doctor quick enough. It's the medicine you sell for cramp.' He alluded to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and bought a bottle before he left the store. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I."

A Rough Trip.

The steamer Lehu came in last night from Molokai ports, reporting one of the roughest voyages ever experienced. Two attempts were made to land freight at Kalaupapa and finally most of the freight was got ashore but not until one boat was smashed full of holes. This is the second boat on the rocks during the past month at that landing. Bad weather was experienced all around the Molokai coast with high seas. The Lehu brought Health Agent Reynolds back from his periodical trip to the settlement and a quantity of island produce and two horses and 100 sheep on deck.

Counterfeit Coin.

A counterfeit American quarter is in the possession of William Rowe. After dinner at a restaurant yesterday, Mr. Rowe took from his pocket a quarter and tossed it onto the counter. The money failed to ring true and the cashier refused to accept it. Close examination proved the coin to be an almost perfect imitation of a true 25-cent piece. Mr. Rowe does not know from whom he got the money. Harry Roberts, the Advertiser artist, was given a spurious American dollar in some store of the city a few days ago.

"UNION" GASOLINE ENGINE.**THE UNION GASOLINE ENGINE CO.**

Build Gas and Gasoline Engines for both marine and stationary service.

Hundreds of "UNION" Engines are in daily use at all kinds of work.

"UNION" Engines are the simplest and most economical form of power.

Send for catalogue, stating service and horse power wanted.

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A LITTLE EVERY MONTH is what we would like.

**BUY A SEWING MACHINE**

On the Instalment Plan. We are Sole Agents for the two Best Makes, viz:

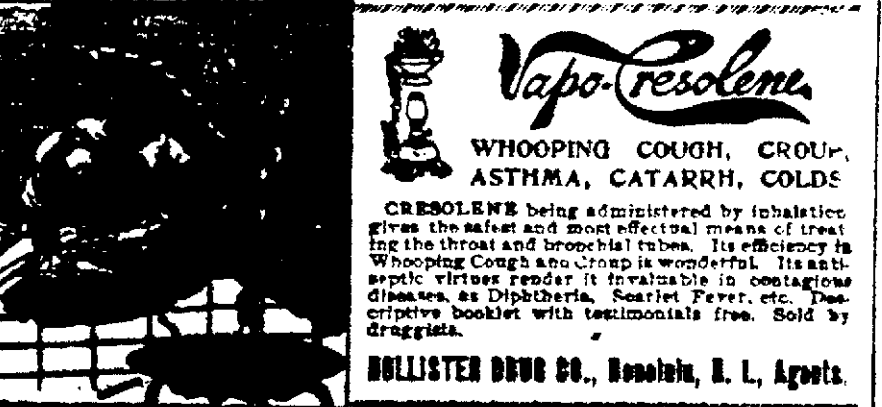
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Both of which we Guarantee.

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L. B. KERR, Sole Agent.

**WHOOPIING COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, CATARRH, COLDS**

CREOSOLINE being administered by inhalation gives the safest and most effective means of treating the throat and bronchial tubes. Its efficiency in Whooping Cough and Croup is wonderful. Its antiseptic virtues render it invaluable in contagious diseases as Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, etc. Descriptive booklet with testimonials free. Sold by druggists.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Honolulu, H. I., Agents.

The best at the lowest price at HOPP'S.

DON'T PUT IT OFF.

The rush for Furniture cannot possibly last much longer. The goods are selling too fast. Such extremely low prices are bound to find plenty of buyers. Come tomorrow, if possible, because your chances of getting just what you have set your heart on get slimmer every day you wait.

This week we are making a special run on

WHITE ENAMELED DOUBLE : BEDSTEADS.

Ladies' Correspondence Desks.

Just the thing for a maid or matron who has a large correspondence list or of a literary turn of mind.

HANDSOME FURNITURE COVERINGS.

You will never see a better chance to buy Furniture at low prices—the lowest of low prices, than right now.

ANY OLD FURNITURE

Can be given new life under our hands. Let us reupholster any furniture of yours that needs it.

J. HOPP & CO.

Leading Furniture Dealers. KING & BETHEL STS.

GET IT AT WATERHOUSE'S

HOLIDAY ART CROCKERY ETC.

As a rule people do not wish to be rushed into buying anything—they would prefer to take their own time—their leisure moments and shop to see what store keeps the prettiest and best display.

We believe we have the best and handsomest line of Crockery and Glassware.

For this reason and the one stated above, about leisure time, we want you to see our line at any time and as many times as you wish. These are a few of the lines:

Majolica, Carlsbad, Bohemian, Daulton Fancy, Wedgewood, (in white and blue, white and green.)

Queen's Jubilee Jugs, B & H Art Lamps, American and European Cut Glass.

All in the handsomest and very latest designs.

You will confer upon us a favor if you will make our store your headquarters when on a shopping expedition.

J. T. WATERHOUSE

Waverley Block, Bethel Street.

Groceries, Hardware, Crockery.

Established in 1851. Located in 1893.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.
ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS
W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.
TUESDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1898.

JAPANESE IMMIGRATION.

The business men of the country should carefully study the character of a candidate for the highest local office, who claims the appointment on this, among several grounds, that the Dole Government has consented to admit Japanese laborers into the country, in order to prevent financial distress, and bankruptcy. The laws of the United States put the Japanese upon the same footing as the British, Germans, French and Portuguese.

THE MORMONS WIN.

The numbers, growth, and power of the Mormons in Utah creates an extremely embarrassing situation, under the Constitution and laws of the Federal Government.

As a territory Utah was under the direct control of the Federal Government. Laws were passed by Congress prohibiting polygamy. Laws were also passed sequestering the property of the Mormon church. In order to nullify these acts, which the Mormons regarded as most intolerable persecutions, they solicited the independent position of Statehood, and the State of Utah was created, and in its Constitution was a provision absolutely forbidding polygamy. The Mormons professed to the world that they had abandoned the practice. The San Francisco Call says: "To the credit of human nature they refused to abandon their plural wives to infamy, and their children to the stain of illegitimacy, and many of them were imprisoned in consequence."

The Presbyterian Assembly has recently issued a circular letter on the subject, in which it declares that "over two thousand Celestial marriages have been celebrated in the State, and more than two thousand missionary Mormons are beyond the State preaching Mormon doctrines." It is conceded that they are not preaching the right to make plural marriages.

The Constitution of the United States does not forbid polygamy. If, therefore, polygamy is practiced in Utah, it is a crime forbidden by the Constitution of Utah only, and the Federal Government has no right to interfere with it. But Mormon jurists, under the State laws and Constitution, will not convict any person charged with the offense.

The Mormons in a contest with the nation have won, so far. They used far-reaching influence in persuading Congress to convert the territory into a State, and now they have the nation at their feet. It was a superb act of political strategy. Aside from the morality involved in the matter, one must admire their consummate skill in "playing Congress for a fool."

An amendment to the Federal Constitution, forbidding polygamy, would bring the offense within the jurisdiction of the Federal courts, and close an interesting chapter in our social life. This will be done, it is said.

A MEAN TRICK.

Senator Cullom, the Chairman of the Congressional Commission insisted that President Dole as a member of the Commission should join it in Washington, during the present session of Congress. The Senator may have done the Special Agent a gross injustice in insisting upon Mr. Dole's presence during the period in which the S. A. is a candidate and Mr. Dole is, or is not, as the case may be. In failing to make an earnest and public protest against Mr. Dole's visit to Washington, the Agent and the Organ have allowed their political fences to fall in.

If President McKinley should nominate Mr. Dole for the office of governor, it will show what singular good fortune comes to him in his political life. Some of the men who now are firmly convinced that he is not fit to hold the office, were among those who, last January, took Mr. Dole by the neck and heels and flung him into Washington, where the mere force of events made him solid with many prominent Republicans. Even the S. A. urged it. Now his "blind sight" is a fountain bubbling up with the waters of sorrow.

Senator Cullom's request that Mr. Dole should visit Washington must be extremely offensive to the S. A. because his Organ declares that Mr. Dole's visit is in the interest of his own business.

Nothing can prevent Mr. Dole's visit but serious physical disability. Neither Mr. Sewall nor his Organ will attempt to poison Mr. Dole, because among many reasons, no drug store will sell them the poison. They may, however, break his legs. Let the Special Agent and the Organ, on a dark night, stretch a strong wire across the path that leads from Mr. Dole's gates to his house. Then let them whistle and wait in the bushes. Mr. Dole will come out. His foot will be caught. His leg will be broken. It will be impossible for him

to leave. "Folled! folled!" will they shout as they roll up the wire and retire to some grassy spot and jointly compose an editorial on "The Duty of Every Man to Love the Flag."

PESSIMISTIC NEWLANDS.

Congressman Newlands, who introduced the Annexation resolution in Congress, seems to be preaching some alarming heresies, which must enrage the ultra expansionists.

In the meeting of the Unitarian Club of San Francisco, a brief report of which was published recently, he said that in his opinion, "the government and care of the islands would be perfectly safe in the hands of the navy." He might have said with equal truth and intelligence that in his opinion, the sugar plantations of these islands would be perfectly safe and made profitable if put in the hands of navy officers. Intelligent navy officers know and will say it, that a training to fight ships is not the training to manage political administration. As a matter of fact the majority of navy men, who resign and go into commercial business, fail in it, just as a successful merchant would fail if he took command of the Bennington and directed a naval engagement.

Mr. Newlands says that "it certainly would not do to hand the islands over to politicians, as we have had enough experience with political schemers right here, under our own eyes."

But this is just what we must do. If California and the States are in the hands of the political schemers, why should the Philippines have any better political service? "What's sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander."

Mr. Newlands knows that we have some politicians here, who are already daring enough to turn down the platforms of both parties. His extremely unpatriotic summary of their use in governing islands should provoke an immediate and indignant protest. At least he might have said that owing to our tropical climate, a new and high order of politicians has arisen here, rare plants, the "consummate flower" of which is the Special Agent.

The logic of Mr. Newlands' argument is, that these islands would be under better administration, if affairs were administered from the poop deck of the Bennington.

It is extremely embarrassing that Mr. Newlands, to whom we really owe a large debt of gratitude, should so unfeelingly and contemptuously regard the politicians. It hurts.

LITERARY WORK.

For the encouragement of those who contemplate literary work, a statement lately made by Madame Blanc, the most distinguished of French female writers, is given. George Sand was her friend, and a woman of great genius. She strongly recommended the writings of Madame Blanc, when she was young, to Buloz, the editor of the Revue des Deux Mondes. Buloz would not accept them, because, in his opinion, they lacked merit. George Sand, distinguished as she was, could not alter this opinion. A few years later M. Bertin the editor of the Journal des Debats, published Madame Blanc's novel, titled "Un Divorce." Buloz read it, and at once asked her write a novelette for the Revue. Madame Blanc soon became famous.

The young people who hope for a literary career may see in this incident, that, after all it is literary merit, and not influential friends that make success possible. The literary journals are throwing search lights out in every direction for good literary work. They complain that it is not often found.

MODERN ITALY.

"Ouida" in a scorching impeachment of modern Italy, the corruption of its statesmen, the despotism of its petty officers, and the misery and suffering of its over-taxed people says:

"All along the sea coast of the peninsula and of the islands, if any one takes some sea water and sets it in shallow pans to evaporate in the sun, and obtain a little pinch of untaxed salt, the offender is heavily fined for such a simple action, while a posse of guards patrol every sea shore to prevent any one from taking even a bottle of water."

A LONG ACT.

On the whole, the interesting farce, "The Influence of Climate, or no one fit to govern," develops rich incidents in its first act. It has been rather a long act, and the audience would like to stretch itself, look about, and replenish its floral store of cabbages. The curtain will drop for a few minutes, while the doors of a side show will be opened.

While the Chinese are attempting to provide themselves with a modern navy, they are permitting the army to continue the process of going to seed. Vernacular papers received here from China have announcement that all applicants for military service will be examined in archery and stone slinging. Imagine archery and stone slinging against Crag-Jorgensen's.

A DIVERTING FARCE.

The Advertiser informed its readers some days ago that it had an "ulterior purpose" in consenting to a "disagreement" with the Bulletin on the subject of neutrality. The discussion was consented to as the means of placing a razor into the hands of a monkey, with the knowledge that it would, in due time, cut its own throat.

The presentation of the chief comedy is suspended for a short period, and the audience is invited to attend a small side show, entitled the "Monkey and the Razor."

ACT I.

Scene: Street of Honolulu. Dramatis Personae, First Citizen recently landed, a non-resident applicant for public office, and a reader of the Bulletin. Second Citizen, an old resident who believes in Home Rule.

Curtain rises. They shake hands. First Citizen—What a weak, crying and unpatriotic lot the Dole Government was in that neutrality business! (Reads from Bulletin) "The facts of political history here will lead its candidate, President Dole, to eternal political damnation before the American people. Thank God that one paper advocated abandoning neutrality. Thank God that it raised its patriotic voice against the political damnation of proclaiming neutrality!"

Second Citizen (with file of Bulletins under his arm)—Were you here on the 10th of May, when the Government sent a telegram to Washington abandoning neutrality?

First Citizen—No, but I'll bet you the Bulletin brought the Government up to the bull-ring, and forced it to abandon neutrality. Just read its ringing words about Dole's cowardice at that time.

Second Citizen (closing his left eye)—My friend, here's a file of the paper. Let's look it over. (They turn over the pages slowly until date of May 10th is reached). Read that my friend, (pointing to an editorial).

First Citizen, (after reading it)—That's not the Bulletin. It never published that stuff. (Examines it closely). So it is.

Second Citizen—Do you see any article in the paper advocating the abandonment of neutrality?

First Citizen—No, not in words. Guess something's wrong.

Second Citizen—On May 10th, the day the Government abandoned neutrality, the Bulletin gave an account of a bill that Thurston and Hatch had sent from Washington, asking the Hawaiian Legislature to pass an act instantly, so that the Republic of Hawaii would come under the sovereignty of the United States, during the war, and that the islands could be used for war purposes.

First Citizen, (interrupting)—Fine! brave! splendid patriotism. That's good reading!

Second Citizen—Wait my friend a moment. This is what the editorial of the Bulletin said on the day before the telegram was sent. (Reads part of editorial aloud).

"Viewed from the Hawaiian point of view, the proposition contained in the bill sent from Washington for action by the Hawaiian Legislature looks decidedly peculiar. Unaccompanied by a pledge of actual protection when the islands should by the measure be brought in into the actual sphere of war, it is asking our defenseless government to assume a very grave responsibility. Such a proposition should indeed have been brought here by a strong squadron that would stay by it. Then the government would and its supporters would no more than prove their fidelity to the cause of annexation by casting the country's lot in the time of trial with the great Republic."

Audience roars with laughter. First Citizen—The Bulletin never said that! That's dead against giving up neutrality. (Takes Bulletin and reads it). Yes, its all there. Great Caesar, what impudence!

Second Citizen—That's not all. (Takes paper and turns to date of May 10th). Friend, on this day the dispatch was sent to Washington offering the islands. But this coon-cat paper did not know it was sent. Listen to this about neutrality. (Reads):

"It is reassuring to find that the Government is pursuing with the greatest caution the quest of what is its proper course in connection with the war between the United States and Spain. The relations between the United States and the Hawaiian Islands hitherto have been such as to invest the subject with no small difficulty. Messrs. Hatch and Thurston do no credit to their judgment for their action in promoting a scheme of initiative on the part of this Government, which is quite liable to procure irretrievable mischief, first, for this country at the present time, and secondly, for the cause of annexation after peace has been restored. Those gentlemen must really have lost their senses. As a member of the Cabinet is elsewhere reported as saying, Hawaii has done everything legitimately within her power to promote actual union. Our destiny rests in the hands of the United States. How dare this helpless and defenseless little country now try to force the hands of that great nation, by throwing the burden of its protection upon her after her plans have been matured and put into operation for war with another nation? And if the United States should treat the impertinence as it deserved, where would little Hawaii be under certain not remote contingencies of the con-

dict? Our men at Washington would seem to have not learned any international law in their enlightened sphere."

Audience again roars with laughter. First Citizen—But I just read in its issue of December 10th that the Executive did waver, and shift and cringe about abandoning neutrality. Can you explain it?

Second Citizen—No, I can't. It told him then to keep neutrality. Now it abuses him for hesitating and wavering in not abandoning it at once.

First Citizen—What do you call such stuff?

Second Citizen—I call it yellow patriotism, and daubed with yellow at that.

First Citizen, (seizing file of Bulletin and holding it up, shouts)—Thou infernal hypocrite! Let the Devil laugh at his miserable dupe! Better be a clean atheist than use patriotism as a screen for political intrigue! Oh, thou little half-ounce of the mutton-suet of villany! Thou double extract of false pretenses! Thou—!

Second Citizen—Hold on friend. You can't expect morals from a coon-cat. It's only a farce.

Curtain drops on first act of side show.

The Advertiser's critic, in commenting on the play, merely observes that the author of it has made the action of the First Citizen too strong for a farce. He should have laughed and not have become indignant. He failed to appreciate the rich humor of the case. Perhaps he will do better in Act II.

THE SIDE SHOW.

"It is a well-known fact that it was the men in the ranks who demanded that the Executive of Hawaii (referring to the neutrality matter) should not waver in its friendship to the United States whatever happened."—Bulletin, December 8, 1898.

ACT II.

(Same scene as in Act I. First and Second Citizens of Honolulu approach on the rising of the curtain. Music. They listen. Coon-cat band plays the Special Agent's war cry: "Tut-tit be a hot time in town for Dole tonight.") Small newspaper holding copy of the Bulletin in its teeth, comes to the front in a pantomime turns (political) somersaults on stage with great rapidity. Winks at audience. Bulletin clique in gallery hisses. Boy repeats and retires.

First Citizen (has recovered his temper)—Well, supposing the coon-cats of the Bulletin, not knowing that Dole had abandoned neutrality on May 10th, did say on that day that it was in "impertinence" to ask McKinley to put up the flag here, and use the islands for war purposes—and now damn him for hesitating about it—that's what we call campaign politics on the mainland.

Second Citizen—I wonder they don't say Dole is an escaped convict from New Caledonia, and that a link of the convict's chain is on his ankle now. Its good campaign journalism.

First Citizen—But the annexation party, the rank and file was all right on May 10th, wasn't it? Just caught that "shifting, cringing" government, and stood it up to abandoning neutrality? Just kicked Dole into doing it, eh?

Second Citizen—What did the rank and file do at that time? (Opens Bulletin of May 8th, and day news of actual war was received, and four days before dispatch was sent abandoning neutrality). The Bulletin interviewed the leaders and rank and file that day. I'll read substance and give some exact language. (Reads). General Hartwell favors neutrality. George R. Carter thought that declaring neutrality would have no effect. P. C. Jones said "let things stand as they are." J. G. Spencer said "do not think it advisable for the government to take any action at present." Cecil Brown said "stand as we are." W. W. Hall said "the President should proclaim neutrality." B. F. Dillingham said (raises his voice) "I think we should wait until the necessity for declaring neutrality be provided." J. S. Martin, priest of the inner temple of the Earnest Patriots, said "I say we ought to act as if strictly independent." J. B. Asherton said "it is my opinion that the government should declare its neutrality." Senator Waterhouse and Mr. John Ena said "wait till notice of war is received." Senator McCandless said—

First Citizen—Who's he? I'm a stranger, you know.

Second Citizen—Why he was and is rank and file, captain and color bearer of the Earnest Patriots that were pushing the "shifting and cringing" Dole to do his duty at that time. He was a leading Senator too. Well when he was asked about neutrality, he said— (Goes to blackboard on stage, takes chalk and writes in big letters.) This is what Senator McCandless said (copies from Bulletin in his hand) "Think we should stand as we are." (Turns to the audience)—This is one of the men who is now furnishing brains to the set that are accusing Dole for cringing and wavering about neutrality. That's what he said four days before Dole turned the islands over to

Almost Blind.

Scrofula Affects the Eyes—Little Boy Treated by an Oculist With-out Relief—But Now He is Well.

"When my little boy was three months old his eyes became very sore and he was almost blind. I took him to an oculist who treated him for six months, and left him as bad as he was at the beginning. Finally Hood's Sarsaparilla was recommended and I began giving it to him. In less than three weeks he was able to go into the sun without covering his eyes, and today his eyes are perfectly well, and his ears and nose, which were badly affected, are also well. Hood's Sarsaparilla has certainly done wonders for my boy." MRS. JAMES H. FAINTER, Amador, California.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1.50 for \$5. Get Hood's.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

the United States. He never contradicted it.

Audience rises. Irishman in gallery shouts: "Let the devil invite him to supper!" Cockney in front row: "Es a 'n'imposture, by Jove." German: "Ausgespielt!" Native: "Lapuwali loa." Yankee: "I guess that fellow has been in the circus business and knows how to change coats three times a minute."

Coon-cat band unconsciously strikes up: "Are we making it hot for Dole tonight?" Curtain drops. Side show of the "Monkey and the Razor" closes.

The critic of the Advertiser calls the attention of its readers to the singular felicity of this Farce from real life, in depicting the utter insincerity of a certain order of politicians, who adopt the motto: "Anything to beat Dole." No doubt Senator McCandless reads aloud with patriotic fervor in the Tailor's Shop, to his rank and file the wild words he partially inspires in Mr. Sewall's organ, accusing the Dole Government of cowardice, of wavering and shifting, at the time he said, and has entirely forgotten his own words, that we as a nation, "should stand as we are on the question of neutrality." As a political strategist, he should have a better memory.

The Bulletin repeatedly urged the Advertiser to discuss "neutrality." It has now alluded to it.

THE PASSING HOUR.

Why not remodel Kapiolani park after Mr. Damon's Moahala estate?

The shipping interest might petition Santa Claus for a Greater Harbor for Honolulu.

The Government band has had the busiest year of its life and announces overtime work clear into 1899.

So the Savannah City Council does not like President McKinley. Thus does another "breed of cats" turn up.

The Japanese on Oahu are clannish in the matter of fighting. On Maui they sometimes mix up with the Chinese.

Germany's Emperor is liable to get after those chaps who are manufacturing genuine Krupp plate in Pennsylvania, U. S. A.

There is manifested in the Kamehameha spirit shown in observance of Founder's day, gratitude and reverence due the memory of the woman to whom the Hawaiians owe so much.

With his orders from Washington nullified by Hawaiian Courts, the United States director of Chinese immigration at this port must at least be indulging in some tall thinking.

Let the wretched gabblers of Honolulu read the story of the ruin of Gen. Buell by irresponsible gossips and egotistical critics and ponder over it if they have sufficient mental machinery for pondering.

An army of 100,000 for the United States, being a jump from a standing force of 25,000 seems a big jump. It is an odd thing that at the opening of hostilities there were in the Spanish army 25,000 officers.

The Advertiser's yachting writer is finding many supporters of his contention that the royal sport should be patronized all the year round in the waters of the group. A sail at this season is a joy to be remembered. As a matter of fact the regatta should be held when there is certainty of good winds.

On several occasions this paper has appealed to the citizens of Hawaii on behalf of the starving Cubans. There is now presented the plea of a Cuban endorsed by Admiral Sampson. Will there not be an awakening to the duty of Hawaii in this case?

From the Seats of the Mighty there should issue a hard and fast order sending to China for Missionary work graduated football players. After that China might be induced to recognize the fact that a man's house is his castle and the owners of the missionary castles might properly be provided with

means of defending the same from the lawless element antagonizing not the Gospel, but the new race.

Those Hilo teachers are certainly progressive. They appear to take deeper interest in their organization than the educators of Honolulu.

The Japanese are having so much trouble governing Formosa that they would gladly dispossess themselves of the island if they could do so gracefully.

"My Honolulu Boy" came in for considerable attention at the Y. M. C. A. evangelistic meeting Sunday last. The Boy is hereby warned that he is being watched.

Olaa people have been telling of coffee trees big as oaks. As the farmers of the district are now to go into cane culture we shall soon hear of cane stalks big as California redwood trees.

If Germany should get the Carolines the hopes of a good many earnest Americans interested in the islands would receive a severe shock. It does not seem reasonable to assume that the group will be released by the United States.

It is from the Yokohama papers that the Advertiser takes what little of foreign news is given on the first page. It will not be safe to accept the review of the message of President McKinley as sent from London to Japan. It cannot be possible that the paper deals in glittering generalities alone.

According to the Hilo papers the whole of the Big Island appears to be fairly bristling with important business activity. One cannot but be impressed with the contention that the future holds much for the island and its first town.

John M. Horner is noted for his ability in an argument as well as for his success in tilling the soil. His practical observations on forestry are worthy the most careful consideration. Mr. Horner does not speak idly, neither is he in the habit of jumping at conclusions.

A danger with the Frenchmen now is that they will reach the "opposite extreme." The proposed abandonment of all secret inquiry on the part of Military Tribunals will be even worse in many respects than the present system. Designers may then too often blast the character and interrupt the career of an innocent man.

The prediction freely made here that all of the \$75,000 of indemnity paid to Japan by Hawaii would go into the coffers of the Emigration and Steamship Companies is not borne out by the report received by the Advertiser. One of the morals is that the Japanese corporations are not yet up to American methods.

It is from very close to general headquarters that a "protest" against prize money for members of the crews of warships issues. It is not intimated, however, that either the "jackies" or their officers battle for gold. They are eager for an engagement just for the pleasure of the pastime.

It is pretty late in the day to undertake the return of the Hawaiian to the farm. He has learned too much of the charms of city life. The movement to teach the native agriculture as it should be taught, has the endorsement of all friends of the race. If the native would take the matter seriously, success could be achieved.

A woman's column in one of the New York papers tells how to keep flowers two weeks by wrapping them in tissue paper and putting them in a wash boiler down cellar. Now in Hawaii fresh flowers may be had every day. But the question that arises concerning the recommendation of the woman's column shapes itself into the question of what possible satisfaction there can be in keeping flowers in a wash boiler down cellar.

The jailor at Oahu prison here, which is practically the island penitentiary, has lately established a library as an adjunct to the institution and finds that it has a marked advance effect on the morale of the convict corps. In some of the great prisons on the Mainland there is being tried a new system of discipline, with the library as the main factor. Punishment of inmates for infractions of rules is almost abolished. This is done by rewarding good conduct. The reward is the privilege of having access to the library in the evenings till 9 o'clock.

GOING INTO SUGAR.

Olaa Coffee Planters Will Buy Seed Cane.
(Hilo Tribune.)

Olaa coffee planters held their regular meeting last Sunday, December 11, thirty members being present. Mr. Sunter presented a series of resolutions in relation to the business matters of the association. A special committee for buying sugar cane seed composed of Horan, Zimmerman and Brown, was appointed. They proceeded at once to receive applications from individual members for same. It is expected that several thousand bags of seed will be ordered.

From the correspondence that has accumulated for a month a very encouraging answer from the Bureau of Agriculture in Washington in regard to the location of an experimental agricultural station on the island of Hawaii deserves attention. Also an answer of the Hawaiian Minister of Interior in regard to prevention of importation of blights.

AT REAL WORK

Lively Interest in Education
Shown at Hilo.

SOME PRACTICAL ILLUSTRATIONS

Industrial Lessons—Various Trades
and Callings—Hints on Farming.
Methods of Teaching.

(Special Correspondence.)

The Hilo Teachers' Union held its quarterly meeting in the Union School on Friday, the 9th, at 9 a. m. A large number of teachers and several visitors were in attendance.

The Union School pupils opened the exercises by chanting the Lord's Prayer. After roll call the president announced that the next meeting would be held on the 23rd of February; the program committee to consist of Mr. L. C. Lyman, Miss Thurston and Miss Hapal. Miss Deyo gave notice that Mr. Abbot, of Lahaina, had authorized her to receive subscriptions for the Progressive Educator. The meeting then adjourned to examine the industrial work which was being carried on by about forty-five girls and boys from the Union school, who were at work with the needle or knife, while others were busy polishing wood work or making mats. Numerous were the articles under construction and many specimens of completed work were on exhibition, which were much admired.

A number of boys from the Hilo boarding school, under the direction of Mrs. L. C. Lyman displayed their work in charcoal drawing. Their work is from nature and its truth bespoke the efficiency of their instruction.

Mr. McCuskey had a class with which he developed a lesson on latitude and longitude. A pupil was sent from the room and the others located a point on the floor and got its distance from different walls. These measurements were given to the pupil on his return, who proceeded to find it. Similar tests were made on the blackboard. The measurement of a circle by degrees was drawn from the class. These principles were then applied to the globe, on which the equator and first meridian were the lines from which measurements were made, distance in degrees from the equator being latitude and distance in degrees from the first meridian being longitude.

Mr. Lane, formerly Superintendent of the public schools of Omaha, Neb., who was present as a visitor, was asked to make a few remarks. He was pleased with the schools of Hawaii in much of their work, but in some things he saw room for improvement. The industrial work should have an educative leaning and care should be taken lest pupils lose sight of the aim and develop into mere "whittlers." He appealed to teachers to exert themselves in trying to rectify the seating and lighting of the school rooms, many of which are erected on wrong architectural principles.

Miss Nape had a class of small boys from the Hilo boarding school, with whom she illustrated her method of using the chart. By questioning on the picture she drew from the class the story written below. This was then read with drill on new words, which were written on the blackboard.

The Hilo Union school pupils sang a song and were then dismissed.

Mr. L. C. Lyman sent a paper on agriculture, which was read by Mrs. and Miss Lyman. It dealt with the production of good vegetables. The secret of success in growing such is good culture. The seedman is often blamed for a crop failure when the culture is at fault. First put the soil into proper condition, next see that the seed is properly sown and the plants properly set. The soil should be worked as deep as possible and cultivated constantly, not only to keep weeds down, but to keep the surface fine and loose, to prevent evaporation and to furnish air and water. Weeds are often a positive benefit, for they act as an alarm clock to call the planter to the tilling of his soil, which might be neglected were there no weeds. Crops can hardly be hoed too much.

A paper on Earl Barnes and his works was read by Mrs. Carl Smith. Earl Barnes advocates an advance in the theories of many teachers. The mind of the child should be studied scientifically and teaching should be based largely upon the study of child psychology. The child follows the history of the race in its development. At certain times the mind may grow and develop more than at others and in different directions. Extensive tests should be made to find out what kinds of natural development take place and at what ages. He would then arrange the school curriculum accordingly. In both Britain and America the professor has many disciples who are working along similar lines. From such investigations it has been found that sense of possession comes amongst the earliest of ideas. The number sense comes last. Arithmetic therefore should come later in a child's learning.

Mr. Gibson, the normal instructor, was present, and at the close of the session made a few remarks. He had enjoyed the meeting as well as any similar one he had ever attended. Teachers must not grow weary in making demands for such things as will further the interests of education. Overcome difficulties in and about the school. Teachers must not make a mistake in nature study. It is not designed to teach scientific terms but to teach the child to observe and acquire

a sympathy and love for nature. Teachers should be very diligent in their oversight of the youth entrusted to their care. Habits of cleanliness and neatness should be inculcated. The English language alone should be used, for children must have practice if they would learn English. In conclusion Mr. Gibson took a note of the difficulties teachers have met with in carrying out the course of study.

BERESFORD'S CHINESE.

(North China News.)

With reference to the 2,000 men to be handed over to Lord Charles Beresford to organize as the nucleus of the Chinese disciplined army of the future, the terms should, properly speaking, be Manchu instead of Chinese. Dispatches have been received from Nanking and Wuchang to the effect that the Grand Council has notified the Viceroy of those cities to select a thousand men each from the Manchu garrisons of Kiangning (Nanking) and Chingchow, near Shashi, and have them ready to be turned over to the sole command of Lord Charles "to be drilled according to the system of the British Army." It has not yet been determined where the future camp is to be, but probably near Nanking or Chinkiang.

IN A CANE BELT

Advices Direct From
Several Plantations.Fields and Mills Along the Hamakua Coast—A Fine Road.
New Railway.(Hilo Tribune Correspondence)
Hamakua, Dec. 15.

At Paauhau plantation grinding has commenced on account of the large yield expected. The estimate for that plantation is 12,000 tons for 1899.

The crops in this district are looking well, notwithstanding the severe drought of the past few months. The planters anticipate that the coming crop for the district will be at least double of what it was last year.

On Wednesday of last week a severe (Kona) gale was blowing all day, accompanied by heavy showers. At Kukuihaele the rain-gauge Thursday morning registered 2.74 inches, and at Honokaa 3.32 inches. The rain will do much good to the sugar cane and other crops throughout the district.

The Government road all through Hamakua is now enclosed by a line of beautiful trees on either side. The trees have been planted by the residents in the district. Various other windbreaks have been planted on every plantation, which not only protect the cane fields but lend enchantment to the view of the weary traveler.

Last week four large boilers were landed in Laupahoehoe gulch, two for Ooakala and two for Papaalooa. They weighed about fourteen tons each, and were rolled along the government road to their destination. The transportation of such loads is surely sufficient test for that section of the road, considering the fact that in many places the road is only cut out its own width, on an almost perpendicular bluff.

The Honokaa Sugar Company is extending its railroad to connect with the one at Kukuihaele, which will enable the two plantations to assist each other in case of fire or other emergency. The old plant in the sugar house has now been replaced by a full equipment of modern sugar machinery. Extensive improvements have been made on the plantation buildings. A spacious boarding house has been erected for the overseers with a library and reading room attached.

Great improvements have been made in the sugar mill at Kukuihaele this year. A new nine-roller mill has been erected with a powerful engine and gearing. The Deming Clarifier and other large cleaning tanks are also in process of erection. This mill will now be one of the best in the country. Much credit is due Mr. Forbes for his improved method of hoisting heavy machinery at the plantation landing. Formerly the heavy freight had all to be landed at another point. Several miles of railroad track have been laid this year to assist in the transportation of cane from the distant fields.

A NEW CAMPAIGN.

Ewa Grinding Season of 1898-9
Now On.

Quite a number of city people were at Ewa plantation yesterday morning to witness the starting up of the great nine-roller mill plant for the campaign of 1898-9. The activity began long before daylight and there was the keenest expectancy up to the time the first cane started into the heavy rollers. In a few minutes the work was in progress the same as ever and a satisfactory run was made for the day. Manager Renton has taken hold like a veteran and all the employees are pleased with the way things are going. This is an impression shared by the heavy owners who were on hand in the morning or ran down during the day.

The crop of Ewa last campaign was a little more than 19,000 tons of sugar. There will be more this time. This is the seventh season of Ewa. For the six seasons W. J. Lowrie was manager. That gentleman is now at Spreckelsville. His successor has to face the fact that each year of the plantation's life showed bigger yield per acre. This present campaign at Ewa will continue till well into August of next year.

A COLUMBIA CASE

One of the Famous Libel
Cases Bobs Up Again.

Appeal of Russell Colegrove—Argument Made Before the Supreme Court.

The libel suit of Russel Colegrove vs. S. S. City of Columbia was argued before the Supreme Court yesterday afternoon by Mr. Kinney, attorney for libellant. The case had been appealed to the Supreme Court from the Circuit Court.

Mr. Kinney confined his argument to a proof of intent on the part of Capt. Milnor to injure the character of libellant, and made extensive readings from the testimony of witnesses brought before the Circuit Court.

When the fight occurred on the ship between Will Colegrove and Mr. Berlinger the passengers thought the mutiny had begun. The captain of the ship had Mr. Will Colegrove placed in irons and Mr. Russel Colegrove, the libellant, was searched for and also handcuffed, although he had not been present and was in no way connected with the fight. The men were then removed to a chain locker, from which they were taken the next day in a semi-conscious condition. Capt. Milnor, on the witness stand, swore that he put the men into the chain locker, which was nothing more nor less than a dungeon, to save them from the angry passengers, who were preparing for a lynching party. The handcuffs were kept on the men until the next Tuesday, when they appeared before the American Consul at Hilo.

The Captain could find nothing against this man Colegrove other than that he walked and talked with a woman. Mr. Kinney's eyes twinkled with amusement when he asserted that Milnor was not running a Sunday school on board the Columbia, nor did he have the same authority as a Sunday school superintendent. However, the purpose of Capt. Milnor was to blacken the character of Russel Colegrove so that upon his arrival at Honolulu he would be unable to gain the confidence of Honolulu people in such a way as to make the establishment of an opposition line a possibility. This he succeeded in doing. Mr. Colegrove was landed in Honolulu penniless. He was turned over to the customs authorities as one who could not comply with the pauper laws of Hawaii, and yet he had on his hand a diamond ring worth \$1,000, a fact which the captain forgot to state; he was accused of being accessory to a crime which had necessitated his being placed in irons, of exciting mutiny on board ship, of having stowed away on the ship, a fugitive from justice, and that requisition papers were expected from the States by the next steamer. This was many months ago. The papers have not arrived.

Argument on the case will be continued today.

COURT AT LAHAINA.

List of the Cases Disposed of, During a Week.
Lahaina, Maui, Dec. 17, 1898.

The following cases have been disposed of since last Saturday, December 10:

Republic of Hawaii vs. Pua Hakolo, burglary, first degree, plead guilty to burglary second degree, sentenced to eighteen months at hard labor, costs remitted. G. Hons for defendant.

Republic vs. Koa perjury, trial by jury, verdict not guilty. Richardson and Coke for defendant.

Republic vs. William Keake, perjury, trial by jury; verdict guilty, William White and S. M. Kaaukau for the defendant. Sentenced to be imprisoned at hard labor for the term of three years and to pay the costs of court, \$18.50.

Republic vs. Kawamotei selling liquor without a license, appeal dismissed and bail forfeited. Hons for defendant.

Mrs. H. Kahahawai et al vs. L. K. Kapihale, et al, quieting title, continued until next June term, 1899. Kapihale for plaintiff; Kinney-Ballou-McClanahan for defendants.

W. R. Kalasokekol vs. Waiuku Sugar Co., ejectment; continued until next term. Dickey for plaintiff; Kinney-Ballou-McClanahan for defendant.

Joe Fernandez vs. D. P. Eldredge et al, illegal impounding, appeal withdrawn.

Republic vs. Oscar Kaeo, forgery, trial by jury, verdict not guilty. E. P. Dole for prosecution, Coke & Richardson, D. Kahalekilo for defendant.

Judge Hitchcock's Will.

The will of the late Judge E. G. Hitchcock which has just been filed for probate, bequeaths all of the property of the decedent to his widow and makes her sole executor without bonds. These are the words of the document:

"After the payment of my just debts and funeral expenses, I bequeath and devise as follows: To my wife, Mary Tenney Hitchcock, all the real and personal estate to which I shall be entitled at the time of my decease, absolutely; knowing and feeling absolutely sure that she, the said much loved wife, will do what is right and for the best good of hers and my children.

"And I nominate and appoint the said wife, Mary Tenney Hitchcock, of Hilo, Hawaii, to be the sole executor, without bonds, of this, my will."

The will was made March 11, 1897.

DID YOU EVER
SEE A SNOWSTORM
IN SUMMER?

We never did; but we have seen the clothing at this time of the year so covered with dandruff that it looked as if it had been out in a regular snowstorm.

No need of this snowstorm.

As the summer sun would melt the falling snow, so will

Ayer's Hair Vigor

melt these flakes of dandruff in the scalp. It goes further than this: it prevents their formation.

It has still other properties: it will restore color to gray hair in just ten out of every ten cases.

And it does even more: it feeds and nourishes the roots of the hair. Thin hair becomes thick hair; and short hair becomes long hair.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Capitalist C. S. Deaky returned from Hilo by the Kinau.

A. B. Loebenstein came to town on the Kinau Saturday.

Mrs. Robert More of Hawaii is visiting relatives in the city.

Wm. A. Love, broker, goes to the coast on the China today.

Col. R. C. Spaulding, of Kealia plantation, is visiting Honolulu.

All the stores carrying holiday goods are open every evening now.

Chas. S. Deaky leaves on the China for a brief visit to San Francisco.

Rev. Fr. Valentin yesterday sent a Christmas box to the Molokai Settlement.

Manager George Ross, of Hakalan, and family arrived on the Kinau Saturday.

E. O. Hall & Son have secured a thirty-year lease of a storehouse lot on the Esplanade.

There will be a Chinese habeas corpus case filed day in the Supreme Court tomorrow.

E. A. Fraser, of the Wilder Company at Makukona, arrived in the city by the Kinau on Saturday.

Rev. W. Ault, of the Church of the Holy Innocents at Lahaina, is making a visit to Honolulu.

Inspector T. H. Gibson, of the Board of Education, returned from an official trip to Hilo by the Kinau.

The road to Moanalua is a good one, but is very narrow in many places and rather "lumpy" for bicycle riding.

There will be Hawaiians only on the program for the Hawaiian benefit concert to be given on the 27th inst.

It has been voted to increase the capital stock of the Oahu Railway Company to \$2,000,000 from \$1,500,000.

Miss Belle Dickey, of Hailu, leaves on the China this afternoon for the States, where she will attend school.

About 350 new Japanese on Kokoa, Kauai plantation, struck last week, but in a couple of days returned to work.

Mrs. J. S. Martin, accompanied by Miss Martin and Miss A. Lishman, will leave for California on today's steamer.

Before Judge Wilcox yesterday L. H. Dee entered a plea of guilty to connection with the gambling house and was fined \$100.

E. D. Tenney is a passenger for the States by the China. He goes on business connected with the new Waiakua plantation.

There should soon be very cheap coal here for many thousands of tons are on the way from Newcastle and other points.

F. Thompson, who comes from Michigan, has been selected by Dr. Maxwell as a new man for the laboratory of the Planters' Association. Professor J. T. Crawley retires the last, of

this month to become the manager of the new fertilizer company that is to take over the business of A. Frank Cooke.

Dr. A. Graham Bell and family, who passed through here some months ago, are returning on the China to the States.

Professor Koebel goes today to Hilo to look after the pink and yellow and red, white and blue or other blights.

The Manufacturers' Shoe Co. are displaying a handsome line of men's shoes and slippers, just the thing for the holidays.

A fine line of new style surreys, phaetons, buggies and stylish harness just arrived ex Alden Besse at Schuman's, Fort street.

The Hawaiian Bar is to tender Chief Justice Judd a dinner in honor of the twenty-fifth year of the service of the first Judge of the land.

Tenders for the construction of a two-room school building at Waiakua, Hilo, are called for by Minister of Public Instruction Cooper.

The steamer Kinau will arrive in Honolulu Friday night and the Claudine Saturday morning this week, one day ahead of schedule time.

Professor H. W. Kinney, son of Mrs. Kinney, teacher of French and German at the High school, has arrived from the coast and will live here.

The Cousins' Society had the usual pleasant monthly meeting on last Saturday evening. The movement for country libraries is going along well.

On account of the continued illness of David Kellipio and the absence from the country of Dr. Day, there could be no meeting of the Board of Health this week.

Wm. Rote, who had an eye injured while on duty at the Honolulu Iron Works last week, is still detained at his home. There is some hope of saving the sight of the eye.

Attorney W. A. Kinney expects to leave today for Washington to represent the planters of Hawaii there. Mrs. Kinney and child will accompany the lawyer to San Francisco.

A notice is posted at the Moanalua estate of Minister Damon to the effect that the grounds are open to the public every Saturday afternoon. D. McIntyre is superintendent.

In the timely topics today the Hawaiian Hardware Co. directs your attention to a specially selected stock of lamps, gilt frame mirrors, vases and candelabra for Christmas presents.

It comes from the school that an error was made in reporting the Junior pole vault at Kamehameha college Saturday. U. Lemon vaulting 9 feet 2 inches instead of 6 feet 6 1/2 inches.

There was shipped to Molokai Settlement yesterday with the commitments of the Bergstrom Music Company a number of musical instruments and a large quantity of sheet music.

Senator H. W. Schmidt, Miss Schmidt and Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Paris are booked for the coast this afternoon on the China. They will spend the holidays and a few months in California.

The following Honoluluites who attended the Woods-Parker wedding at Mana last week, returned on the Kinau: J. H. Wodehouse, Jr., Robert Parker, Jr., Mrs. C. J. Falk, Miss J. H. Woods and Miss Maud Woods.

Fred A. Potter and wife were passengers by the Alden Besse and will make Honolulu their home. Mr. Potter, who was formerly with the Hawaiian Gazette Company, will again enter that employ.

Dr. C. A. Peterson, immigration inspector, has been called to Lahaina, where there is trouble with the Galician laborers. It is alleged that the Galicians received advices from Honolulu that caused them to refuse labor.

Harry Whitney, who is spending his vacation on Molokai, was still domiciled at Kamalo, when the steamer Lehua left that port last week. No shipments of ransom were made on this trip by the popular sportsman, but it is thought on his return to Honolulu next week the steamer will be loaded down with game.

Using the Loop.

The Oahu railway line has now commenced use of the loop of the main line that takes all the trains makal of the Ewa mill and adjacent buildings. This change in the line was made to avoid the possibility of accidents by collision with trains of the plantation. The ride along that particular place is incidentally made prettier and there is no inconvenience to either passengers or shippers.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA:

CITY OF PEKING DEC. 22
GAELIC DEC 31
CHINA JAN. 14

FOR SAN FRANCISCO:

CHINA DEC. 20
DORIC DEC. 30
NIPPON MARU JAN. 6

RATES OF PASSAGE ARE AS FOLLOWS:

SINGLE TRIP		ROUND TRIP	
For San Francisco—Cabin	\$ 75	For San Francisco—Cabin, 4 mo's	\$125
European Steerage	25	For Yokohama—Cabin, 4 mo's	275
For Yokohama—Cabin	150	Cabin, 12 mo's	262.50
European Steerage	85	For Hongkong—Cabin, 4 mo's	262.50
For Hongkong—Cabin	100	Cabin, 12 mo's	216.25

For general information apply to

H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

—AGENTS—

OUR REPUTATION

For fine watch work is widespread; but we wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches, when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every tinkler to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to us, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

H.F. WICHMAN
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TYPEWRITERS' HEADQUARTERS

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HAMMOND: TYPEWRITERS. FOR ALL NATIONS AND TONGUES. Remington-Sholes, and New Franklin Machines.

Call or write for Catalogues.

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TIME TABLE
Wilder's Steamship Company
—1898—

S. S. KINAU,

CLARKE, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu every Tuesday at 10 o'clock a. m., touching at Lahaina, Maalaea Bay, Makana, Mahukona, Kawaihae and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving in Hilo Wednesday.

LEAVE HONOLULU

Tuesday.....Sept. 13	Tuesday.....Nov. 5
Tuesday.....Sept. 20	Tuesday.....Nov. 12
Tuesday.....Sept. 27	Tuesday.....Nov. 19
Tuesday.....Oct. 4	Tuesday.....Nov. 26
Tuesday.....Oct. 11	Tuesday.....Dec. 3
Tuesday.....Oct. 18	Tuesday.....Dec. 10
Tuesday.....Oct. 25	Tuesday.....Dec. 17
Tuesday.....Nov. 1	Tuesday.....Dec. 24

Returning, will leave Hilo at 8 o'clock a. m., touching at Laupahoehoe, Mahukona, Kawaihae, Makana, Maalaea Bay and Lahaina the following day, arriving at Honolulu Sunday morning.

ARRIVE HONOLULU.

Sunday.....Sept. 13	Sunday.....Nov. 13
Sunday.....Sept. 20	Sunday.....Nov. 20
Sunday.....Sept. 27	Sunday.....Nov. 27
Sunday.....Oct. 4	Sunday.....Dec. 4
Sunday.....Oct. 11	Sunday.....Dec. 11
Sunday.....Oct. 18	Sunday.....Dec. 18
Sunday.....Oct. 25	Sunday.....Dec. 25
Sunday.....Nov. 1	Sunday.....Dec. 25

Will call at Pohokiki, Puna, on the second trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu. The popular route to the Volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the entire distance.

S. S. CLAUDINE,

CAMERON, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu Tuesdays at 5 o'clock p. m. touching at Kaula, Hana, Hamoa and Kipahulu, Maui. Returning arrives at Honolulu Sunday mornings.

Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once each month.

No freight will be received after 4 p. m. on day of sailing.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE, and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom. Consignees must be at the landings to receive their freight. This company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live stock received only at owner's risk.

This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of purser.

Packages containing personal effects, whether shipped as baggage or freight, if the contents thereof exceed \$100 in value, must have the value thereof plainly stated and marked, and the Company will not hold itself liable for any loss or damage in excess of this sum except the goods be shipped under special contract.

All employees of the company are forbidden to accept freight without delivering a shipping receipt therefor in the form prescribed by the Company and which may be

STORY WAS TOLD

Waialua Jap Reported Killing of His Wife.

THERE WAS A PLOT

Confession Made to Man Now Held as Witness—Detective Service of "Trusty."

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

There now promises to be a quick unravelling in the case of the murder of the Japanese woman at Waialua plantation, particulars of which were given in this paper yesterday morning. The husband made a confession to one of the other men under arrest, perhaps to both his fellow prisoners. The killing was done on Wednesday morning. Immediately after the deed was accomplished, the perpetrator of it reported his crime.

The fact that a confession was made was learned yesterday by the use of one of the reef Japanese prisoners, used as a man of all work about the city prison. This chap is an intelligent fellow and when he was asked if he was willing to assist in the task of learning who had committed the crime, replied that he only wanted the opportunity. He was placed in a cell holding one of the prisoners that Chillingworth had retained as a witness. The reef man was not long in getting valuable information, and this was the story he told:

Between the accused husband and the two men held as witnesses, there is the bond that they are full cousins. They had all been angry at the woman for a long time, and it was a common thing for them to talk of getting her out of the way in some manner. It appears that they considered her stubborn. They charged her with being unwilling about the household work. Her replies were already sharp, and when she was whipped, she always made a vicious fight in her own behalf. She was abused a great deal. On one occasion, she was stripped and tied up for a beating, but managed to get loose and to take refuge in another camp, where the women supplied her with clothing. It seems that the three cousins finally arrived at the conclusion that the woman must die, and that it fell to the lot of the husband to do the killing. Soon after the four had reached the cane fields in the morning, the husband announced his intention of leaving off work for the day and making a visit to some friends in Honolulu. The woman wanted to make the trip and was told to come along. The pair started from the field. In a little while the husband came back and reported that he had killed his wife. There was talk of hiding the dead body, but the men were afraid to undertake this in daylight. They agreed that the remains should be thrown into the sea at night.

The reef man, used as a detective, was unable to get anything further than hints and promises from the second witness.

An inquest was held at Waialua and a verdict to the effect that the woman had met a violent death was returned.

A Marksman Married.

At the residence of Rev. T. D. Garvin last evening, Charles Elvin and Miss Maria Fraga were made man and wife. Only a few of the personal friends of the couple were present. Mr. Elvin had a new home all ready for the start on a career of married life. Charles Elvin has been long known here as a member of the N. G. H. and as the man in charge of the military ranges. His wife is a handsome and well-educated young lady.

AGED WOMAN LOST.

Wandered Into a Dense Forest Near Hilo.

Hilo, Hawaii, Dec. 18.—Mrs. McFarlane, an aged lady living with her two sons at Kaumana, was lost in the forest while walking from the residence of her granddaughter, the wife of Mr. Gambleton, to the residence of her two sons, some distance farther mauka. This was on Monday morning, and her loss was not known to her relatives until the next day, as some were not aware she had left the one house, and the others supposed she had arrived at her destination.

When her loss was discovered, the police department was informed, and several policemen and some citizens were sent in search of her, a search which resulted in nothing, except that a hat and shawl were found, which were identified by her daughter as belonging to her. The following day a still larger number of men, eighty or more altogether, searched the forest in the vicinity of the trail, but without result. On Thursday afternoon Sheriff Andrews organized a still larger and more systematic search, believing that she should be found if possible, though no hope existed of finding her alive. The McFarlanes came about two years ago from British Columbia and

took up Kaumana homesteads. The woman who was lost was very old, probably from 80 to 90 years, though her sons, two of whom, by the way, are twins, do not know and are uncertain even of their own ages. All are gray-bearded men; the twins give their age as 37 years, but have probably reversed the figures.

Sharpshooter Trophies.

F. S. Dodge who was the last captain of the old company of Sharpshooters, is winding up the medal business of the command. He has received from Senator H. Waterhouse the two beautiful medals called the Waterhouse trophies. The first, gold, goes to A. C. Wall with a score 483 at 200 and 500 yards, out of a possible 500. The silver badge goes to Captain Dodge himself. There are a number of medals to be delivered to winners in the sharply contested reentry event. This affair closed only September 3d.

LIFE ON MAUI

Court Business Claims Attention at Lahaina.

Native and Foreign Juries—Seventeen Teachers Meet—New Mill for Spreckelsville.

(Special Correspondence.)

MAUI, December 17.—Interest in news has pointed Lahaina, where the native jury is still occupied. From the 7th to the 17th is quite a long session. If the foreign jury, which as a rule, tries more cases than the native panel, remains as long, some prominent Maui people will spend Christmas away from their families. The foreign jurors are summoned for the 19th.

Monday afternoon, the 12th, seventeen teachers assembled in Makawao school house for their regular monthly meeting. The program was as follows: "Parker's Talks," Mr. D. D. Baldwin; "Hala Waka," Miss Ziegler, and "Elementary Physiology," Miss R. E. Crook. Miss Ziegler made a handsome bamboo mat in the presence of the teachers.

Manuoa seminary will open school upon Monday, the 19th. The old Haleakala Boy's school building situated upon Mrs. H. G. Alexander's premises in Makawao, has been put into good repair and recitations will be held in the lower story; the upper one being used for dormitories. The opening of school has been delayed a week or two on account of the non-arrival of necessary books.

Mr. E. Snyder, principal of the Huelo Government school, has issued invitations to a grand luau to be held on his school premises during the 29th. An exhibition of school work together with Hawaiian work in general, will take place in connection with it.

Dr. R. Boote of Spreckelsville comes to Mrs. H. B. Bailey's, Makawao, next week for a short stay.

During Saturday, the 10th, the brigantine Consuelo, Page captain, arrived in Kahului, twenty-one days from San Francisco. She brought the Spreckelsville nine-roller mill and a small amount of general merchandise. She will get away probably the last of next week.

Weather—Kona winds Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. Heavy general rain Thursday.

Only an Overhauling.

The band stand in the Executive Building grounds is receiving a general overhauling under the direction of the Superintendent of Public Works. Minister King, of the Interior Department, is much interested in the job, together with Chief Clerk Hassinger, another ex-son of the sea, selected the colors. There will be retained, and in new colors, the coats of arms of nations in the outside panels. The only change in the interior decoration will be the addition of the records—in years—of the reigns of Kaikouka and Liliuokalani. This band stand, by the way, is a structure of historical interest and importance. It was built for the coronation of Kaikouka in 1832, and it was in the little building that much of the ceremony was held. A picture of the stand appeared at the time in the London Illustrated News and in the Graphic.

The Waialua Case.

Now that Chester Doyle has returned to the capital and to police headquarters, rapid developments are expected in the Waialua Japanese murder case. The facts seem to tighten about the husband though he may not have been alone in the murder of the woman. One of the two prisoners held as witnesses is known to the law officers as a bad fellow, and if he did not assist in the actual killing, is believed to have urged it. There has been some slight corroboration of the confession gained through the "trusty," as given in this paper on Saturday. The Japanese held as witnesses have sent for A. G. M. Robertson to be their attorney.

BALLAST A POINT

Capt. Milnor's Reply to Libel for Sailors' Wages.

MAKES AN EXPLANATION

Leave to Men—Interference of Consuls—Storm—Officer Sign Statement on Ballast.

Captain Milnor has filed an answer in the City of Columbia libel suit. The respondent denies having threatened to post libellants as deserters at Hilo. He alleges that when he offered the men indefinite "leave of absence" that they might return to their home port, the American Consul at Hilo refused to permit them to leave until respondent put up "cash or its equivalent." The purpose of Captain Milnor in offering the men "leave of absence" was to enable them to reach their home port as quickly as possible, and without forfeiting or prejudicing their claims against the ship.

The respondent claims that the libellants are entitled to wages up to the 12th of December, 1898, without any interest, and, further, that it is the duty of the American Consul at this port to provide for them until such time as they receive their money.

Captain Milnor asserts that the Columbia was a sea-worthy ship but became disabled and was forced to seek shelter in the harbor of Hilo, through stress of weather, and that the master of the ship or its owners were not in any way at fault as alleged by libellants.

The following purporting to be in part fact and plainly in part speculative, was brought to the Advertiser last night with the request that it be published:

EDITOR P. C. A.—Sir: In the reply of Captain Milnor to the libel of the crew of the steamer City of Columbia, in which he claims that the vessel "became disabled in a storm and unable to proceed home, wholly without fault of the master or owners," we the undersigned, desire to state that Captain Milnor and the agent or representative of the owners, consulted us as to the amount of ballast necessary and we advised that at least 400 tons, and that the captain deliberately went to sea with about 210 tons, incorrectly stowed, and we furthermore maintain that had the ship been properly ballasted, she would undoubtedly have reached her home port safely.

R. A. TURNER,

Chief Engineer.

CHAS. F. AREG,

Mate.

W. J. SMITH,

Pilot and Navigator.

The columns of this paper are open to Captain Milnor to reply to this statement should he so desire.

EVERY DAY TRIUMPHS.

Every Time, Every Place, Everywhere They Triumph—There's Proof of This.

Step by step onward. Day by day confidence increases. Success merits reward. Honolulu appreciates a "good thing." They praise it when they find it. No praise too great for the little conqueror. The little bad back wonder worker. Back that aches no more. Strength to weak backs has been restored. It's just the same if they are lame. The lameness goes because it cannot stay. Bad backs are but bad kidneys. That's why Doan's Backache Kidney Pills cure them. They reach the spot. Easy to prove that this is so. Mrs. J. Bertrand, of 426 S. Washington avenue, Scranton, Pa., U. S. A., says: "I have been troubled off and on for the last two or three years with my kidneys and some of the time I was very bad. I stooped over and had to put my hands on my back before I could rise up while doing my house work. It hurt me at night so that I could get no peaceful rest. I tried to turn over and over and then get up and try all kinds of ways to secure a peaceful position. There was such a pain in my side that I could not lie on it, and I labored in my body, limbs and feet. I went and got Doan's Backache Kidney Pills and used them regularly. I received the greatest benefit from them. This remedy completely cured me of all the symptoms of kidney complaint. I can rest well and the lameness has entirely disappeared. I can heartily recommend their use to others."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Hollister Drug Co., Ltd., Honolulu, general agents, on receipt of price. See that the name of the pills you buy is Doan's BACKACHE Kidney Pills.

AT THE ORPHEUM.

Big Audience and Fun Furnished in Plenty.

There was a good big house and a regular hurricane carnival of fun at the Orpheum on Saturday night. The program opened with the pretty and humorous comedy "The Tarbox Family," with Post and Gardner in the cast. This went off to the satisfaction of all. Next came Henela, the graceful character dancer. Henela is a boy of smooth face, who makes up as a female ballet dancer so that almost everybody is fooled. One man in the audience was so charmed with the appearance of Henela in skirts that he heaved a number of silver dollars up to the stage. Henela picked up the coin, retired with the usual smile and then came out with his blonde wig in his hand.

John J. Meehan, the young vocalist and actor, has a remarkably sweet voice and makes selections that please all. Meehan's voice just fills the theater and his rendition of ballads is always a large feature of the program. He gives the old favorites with fine feeling.

Mr. Post and Miss Ashley were even more entertaining than usual in their sketch. Post's entry through a piece of scenery set the house wild. The dialogue was clean and witty and quick and the singing and dancing of the couple were good. The Salvation Army skit might have shocked some people had the particular people been on hand looking for a shock. As it was Miss Ashley was a fetching lassie and Post an exhorter that would do credit to the ranks of any post.

Miss Rosa gave a native song with banjo and was recalled three times. The audience would not be satisfied until she gave "Belle of Honolulu."

The evening ended with a farce that included one of the most laughable travesties on prize fighting that could be conceived. Post was John L. Sullivan. Welsh was a proper "tough." Meehan was a consumptive patron of the ring and Gardner doubled in plug hat and sweater and did it well. Ella Dunbar was the boarding-house keeper and Rosa was the landlady's daughter.

Pains in the chest when a person has a cold indicate a tendency toward pneumonia. A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on to the chest over the seat of pain will promptly relieve the pain and prevent the threatened attack of pneumonia. This same treatment will cure a lame back in a few hours. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

NEW IMPROVED CANE : KNIFE.

Planters' Improved Hoe.

Forged from one solid piece of steel. Made specially to our order.

Fence Wire

Of the Best Quality.

GALVANIZED. NOS. 4, 5 and 6.

IN PERFECT ORDER.

Call and examine the above.

Breaking Plows,

Secretary Disc Plows, Small Steel Plows, FOR CULTIVATING.

Whips and Whip Stocks.

Whiffletrees.

Pacific Hardware Co.

—LIMITED.—

Fort Street.

Agents for the Vacuum Oils.

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS Are warranted to cure all kinds of constipation, biliousness, indigestion, headache, neuralgia, etc. Price 25 cents. Mailed by Hollister Drug Co., Ltd., Honolulu, general agents, on receipt of price. See that the name of the pills you buy is Doan's BACKACHE Kidney Pills.

Down Again

In prices is the market for flour and feed, and we follow it closely. Send us your orders and they will be filled at the lowest market price. The matter of 5 or 10 cents upon a hundred pounds of feed should not concern you as much as the quality, as poor feed is dear at any price.

We Carry Only the Best.

When you want the Best Hay, Feed or Grain, at the Right Prices, order from

CALIFORNIA FEED Co.

TELEPHONE 121.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne

Original and Only Genuine. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 18, 1904.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Is a liquid medicine which soothes PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. Is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CHARM; one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibson, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles, 1s. 1/6d., 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 88 GREAT RUSSELL ST., LONDON, W. C.

KING BROS.

Have a superb array of GOODS selected by Will C. King from the latest Novelties on the Coast.

Suitable for Christmas and Wedding Presents, consisting of

PICTURES,

ART STATUARY,

PHOTO PANELS,

—AND—

ART NOVELTIES.

Also the latest in

PICTURE MOULDINGS

—AND—

FRAMING MATERIALS.

All are welcome at their Show Rooms

110 HOTEL ST.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection With the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets are Issued

To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS:

Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver

Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD., Agents Canadian-Australian S. S. Line, Canadian Pacific Railway.

TIMELY TOPICS

December 19, 1898.

A FEW MORE HANDSOME GOODS.

Last week we spoke of B & H Lamps. We are more than pleased with the sale we have had on these goods last week, as it goes to show that our efforts on behalf of our patrons is fully appreciated. This week we are desirous of calling your attention to a handsome line of

ART MIRRORS, ART VASES, ART PITCHERS, ART CANDLE STICKS.

These goods are without exception the most handsome line ever brought before the public of Honolulu.

The Sconce Mirrors are the very best beveled plate glass set in the latest creation artists of the highest order can conceive and are of a large variety of designs.

What we have said of the Mirrors also applies to the assortment of

VASES : AND : PITCHERS.

Within the last year or so the fad of using candle sticks is again in vogue, with the exception that at the present day the designs are much prettier than those used in the last century.

It is no uncommon thing today to step into the best furnished houses and find these Art Candle Sticks displayed in some cosy nook around the house. Our assortment of these goods consists of several patterns.

The Hawaiian Hardware Co.

Limited.

307 FORT ST.

ARE YOU READY

To look at the finest and most complete line of holiday goods ever imported into the Hawaiian Islands? If so we shall be pleased to offer the services of one of our obliging clerks to show you the goods.

TIME NO OBJECT.

The goods were purchased by our Mr. Barthrop, who has recently returned from a tour among the leading makers throughout the United States.

In quality and price we are leaders.

COME AND SEE.

We have a line of fine leather goods that embraces almost everything useful made of leather at prices astonishingly low.

IN CELLULOID GOODS our line will astonish you.

FANCY GLASS BOTTLES. We lead our competitors.

PERFUMERY is our forte. Our line of Palmer's, Lazzell, Dalley & Co., Lundborg, Colgate, Pinauds, Rigand & Co., Roger & Gallet, is complete.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

THE YACHT SPRAY

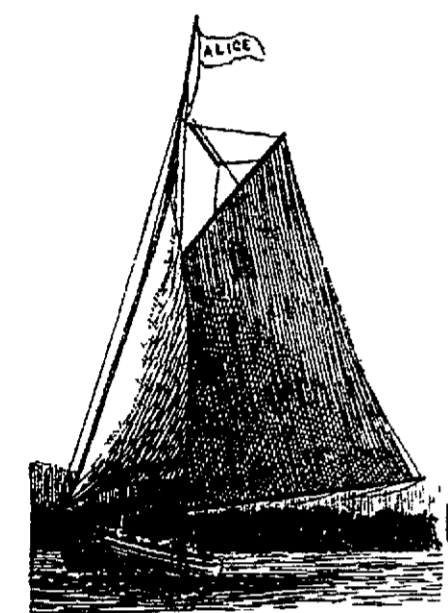
As the 'Alice' She Becomes Property of Capt. Johnson.

IS TO HAVE AN OVERHAULING

Once a Champion—As Pat Curtis' Craft—Size—Yachting Notes. Trips and Plans.

The yacht Alice, recently purchased by Capt. Johnson, of the Inter-Island shops, and of which is presented a cut has what is undoubtedly the most interesting history of any of the yachts in these waters.

She was built in San Francisco in 1879 by W. J. Stone, father of Frank Stone, the popular builder of the



CAPT. JOHNSON'S YACHT ALICE. (Formerly the Spray.)

Gladys and other fast boats of the present day, and was christened the Myrtle. L. B. Chapman, of San Francisco, was her owner, and for a number of years she was the crack flyer on the bay there, and was the winner of many hard fought races. She was brought down here in 1888 by John Paty and W. C. Sproull, and Col. Fisher and Bruce Cartwright were also part owners of her.

At this time she was a center-board boat, with a draft of about 3 feet 7 inches. When brought into competition with the Honolulu yachts she did not make so good a showing as she had on the coast. Either the boats here were faster than those of the coast, or the changes which were made in her rig had made her slower. At any event she gathered no enviable reputation as a staunch and seaworthy craft. At this time she sailed under the name of Spray, by which name she is best known here.

Later on the Spray was sold to Pat Curtis and he changed her from a center-board to a keel boat and made other alterations. During the term of his ownership her experiences were varied and in many cases most exciting. At one time Capt. Cook went through a heavy koma in the channel, in her, without mishap worth mention. She was several times reported to be in the opium smuggling business and was quite a prominent figure in revolutionary times. Some time ago she was sold to Clarence Macfarlane, who refitted her upper works, bent on new sails and rechristened her the "Alice." When Mr. Macfarlane built his new residence at the Peninsula he transported all of his material that was not too bulky, in the yacht. One dark night he got aground near the shark pond, off Funafoa, and was hard and fast for several hours.

She has now passed into the possession of Capt. Johnson, and he will soon put her on the ways and give her hull a thorough overhauling, which will make a practically new boat of her. Her present dimensions are: Length over all, 31 feet 5 inches, load water line, 28 feet 6 inches, beam 12 feet, draught, about 5 feet.

The Captain expects to re-christen her when he overhauls her and it is quite possible that under his able management she will again take place in the front rank of the race winners of the first class.

YACHTING NOTES

Last Saturday was another case of "pio ka makani" and the only yacht to make a start was the Gladys, Capt. T. W. Hobron. With Messrs. Waldron, Pearson, Forbes and Lyman, they made the trip to an anchorage off Wai-anu, in Pearl Harbor, in about five hours and felt that they had good reason to congratulate themselves on getting there the same day. This will probably be known in the history of the yacht as the "apple trip," as the menu consisted of apples, red and yellow, apples fried, apples baked, apple pudding, apple pie and apple bananas. Not that there was nothing else to eat, for there were plenty of substantial for the hungry sailor man, but all seemed to be imbued with the idea that apples in some shape were the proper thing and consequently everyone brought apples, and all the different styles found a ready market. Sunday morning Messrs. Bierbach and Keenan joined the party, and a west wind coming up at the same time they were able to make the run home after a pleasant cruise around the harbor, in an hour and ten minutes.

R. B. Banning, who has just returned from the coast, is a yachting enthusiast and is desirous of seeing a hull formed to purchase and bring here the

yacht which is being built by Stone of San Francisco, of which mention was made in these columns some weeks ago, as being guaranteed to outlast anything in these waters. All wish him the utmost success in getting the boys interested, as such a boat would be a great addition to the Hawaiian fleet.

P. L. Weaver has been overhauling his little yacht, the Maka'a, and with the addition of a cabin and other improvements will have a fine little craft. Maka'a means a bright and shining light, and it is hoped that "Phil's" choice will prove true to her name in the yachting firmament.

The Myrtle, Abbie M., and Poki were trying conclusions again last Sunday, and this time the Myrtle carried off the honors. There was not enough breeze for the Abbie M. The Poki and Abbie M. had a little misunderstanding off the mouth of the harbor, in regard to the right of way, which resulted in the Abbie M. putting her bow-sprit through the Poki's mainsail. The damage done was, luckily, very slight.

Capt. Johnson was unfortunate enough to get his new acquisition, the Alice, ashore for a short time, near the mouth of the harbor. Most yachtsmen expect little episodes of this kind occasionally, but no one looked for such a thing from an old salt like the Captain of the Alice, and the boys have joked him about it considerably. They may feel pretty sure that the Captain will not let it occur again. The Marion got ashore when getting under weigh from her moorings, but no harm more serious than a ruffling of tempers, resulted.

If the weather is propitious some of the best known yachtsmen are counting on a trip to Rabbit Island and Kolan today. This is considered one of the roughest, if not the roughest trip around here and no one but a thoroughly seasoned sailor should take it unless he desires to put in most of his time communing with Neptune.

Messrs. Harris & Co. expect to have the Myrtle out before long to give her a thorough overhauling, with new sails, etc., which will put her in the best of shape.

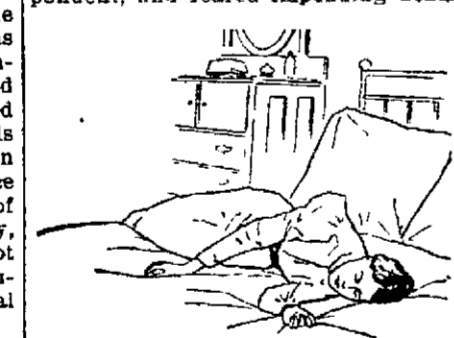
The Bonnie has been stripped and is out of commission for an indefinite length of time.

Chief Clerk Dow, of the Marshal's office, took a party of his friends for a delightful sail last Thursday afternoon, the party consisting of Dr. Winslow, Mr. Van Ness, W. H. Coney and Ed. Towse. The Abbie M. was in the pink of order for the trip, which consisted of a run out beyond Diamond Head and return, with a spanking breeze and a moderate sea. Van Ness is a true sailor man through and through. Dr. Winslow is likewise a yachtsman, and, of course, Mr. Coney knows the waters hereabouts well. Capt. Dow is a careful master and a cordial host.

Bad Digestion, Bad Heart.

Poor digestion often causes irregularity of the heart's action. This irregularity may be mistaken for real, organic heart disease. The symptoms are much the same. There is however a vast difference between the two; organic heart disease is often incurable; apparent heart disease is curable if good digestion be restored.

A case in point is quoted from the New Era, of Greensburg, Ind. Mrs. Ellen Colson, Newport, Ind., a woman forty-three years old, had suffered for four years with distressing stomach trouble. The gases generated by the indigestion pressed on the heart, and caused an irregularity of its action. She had much pain in her stomach and heart, and was subject to frequent and severe choking spells which were most severe at night. Doctors were tried in vain; the patient became worse, despondent, and feared impending death.



A Case of Heart Failure.

She was much frightened and noticed that in intervals in which her stomach did not annoy her, her heart's action became normal. Reasoning correctly that her digestion was alone at fault she procured the proper medicine to treat that trouble and with immediate good results. Her appetite came back, the choking spells became less frequent and finally ceased. Her weight, which had been greatly reduced, was restored, and she now weighs more than for years. Her blood soon became pure and her cheeks rosy.

The case is of general interest because the disease is a very common one. That others may know the means of cure we give the name of the medicine used—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. These pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves.

Ye Sailormen

Mr. Hobron, Mr. Pearson and Mr. Banning made a trip on Mr. Hobron's yacht around Koko Head to Koolau on Saturday. It was the intention of the party to give the Advertiser a first-class item, in the way of a narrow escape from drowning, but the yacht refused to be upset, in spite of the most ingenious devices resorted to. Although the party failed in its direct mission, it had incidentally a pleasant trip.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy can always be depended upon and is pleasant and safe to take. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

A SAILOR WRITER

Navy Notes From a Lad on Duty There.

HARRY HUMPHREY OF BALTIMORE

Liberty is What the "Jackies" Want—Jealous of Men on the Atlantic.

The Advertiser has printed a number of letters from soldiers in Manila, but very few from men in the navy. A letter was recently received from Harry Humphrey on board the ship Baltimore. Humphrey has many acquaintances in Honolulu.

Now that the war is over the men on the warships, like the boys in the ranks, ashore, have a longing for home. The overtime men, especially are anxious to get back among their own people and receive that praise which they so well earned. Whatever it may have been for the soldier, for the sailor the late war was no long-continued picnic, but the hardest kind of work—work that tried the strength and the endurance and the bravery of every man in the navy.

Humphrey says that there has been but very little fever on board the American men-of-war in the Philippines, but that the English cruiser, Powerful, which carries 800 men, had seventy-five on the sick report with fever at one time, and was burying men at the rate of two a day for four days previous to her departure from the harbor.

Humphrey says the Baltimore's visit to Hongkong was of great benefit to the ship's crew, as they had not been ashore since the 24th of March at Honolulu, and some of the men had not been on terra firma for three months previous to that. A limited amount of shore leave is now given them in Manila. He finds the city very similar to the Spanish towns of South America—everything crude and ancient. The shopkeepers of Manila are very friendly towards Americans, and it is not surprising for over \$1,500,000 has been spent there by the army and navy. The merchants have difficulty in keeping sufficient stock on hand to supply the greatly increased demand.

Four daily papers are printed in Manila. Only one of them is worth reading and even that one is rather slow, as the editor makes daily complaints through his columns.

There is a feeling among the men in Admiral Dewey's fleet, that partiality has been shown the ships in the Atlantic. We are getting the bitter end of the whole war. We started it, and ended it, but still we are neglected, while the fleet on the other side is sent home and the men discharged or given all the shore leave they wish," says Humphrey. The Philippines will not be a constant expense to the United States, Humphrey believes, but after five or six years will pay for themselves a hundred-fold, for "there is the wealth of two Klondikes here."

NORWAY'S NEW FLAG.

Mark of Union With Sweden is Dropped Out.

The unjoined translation clipped from the Daily Mail, London has interested very much the Scandinavian colony of this place, as well as the thousands of the people of the race in the States. The information is given to the Advertiser that the king was against the change that has been made, but that the law making body, in accordance with the Constitution, passed the enactment three times. It is the first time the veto has thus been attempted and it was a failure. The king holds that the change in the flag is a big step in the direction of a break of the united nations. This is the statement concerning the flag.

Norway has just come to the most extraordinary decision arrived at by any government for some time.

Hitherto the Norwegian flag has included the emblem of union with Sweden. By a practically unanimous vote the Storting has now resolved to introduce a flag that will take no cognizance of Sweden, but will be purely Norwegian.

The Storting consists of 114 members and the fact of there having been only one dissentient vote, when the motion for the new flag was adopted, shows the almost unanimous opinion of the members on the subject, and also demonstrates the independent feeling that exists towards Sweden.

Up to the present the flag of Norway has consisted of a blue cross on a red ground, and in its upper left-hand quarter a small red, blue and yellow design which is supposed to denote the union with Sweden. It is the omission of the latter which will constitute the change.

Incidentally it may be mentioned that Norway possesses the largest mercantile fleet in the world excepting that of England.



INFANTILE LOVELINESS of the skin, scalp, and hair is assured by the use of CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery.

To preserve, purify, and beautify the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children, and restore them to a condition of health when affected by distressing, itching irritations and scaly eruptions, no other treatment is so pure, so safe, so speedy, as warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, assisted, when necessary, by gentle anointings with CUTICURA, purest and sweetest of emollients and skin cures.

For bad complexions, pimples, blotches, red, rough hands and shapeless nails, red, rough, oily, mothy skin, dry, thin, and falling hair, itching and scaly eruptions of the skin and scalp, and simple baby blemishes, it is simply wonderful.

Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. NEWBURY & SONS, London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A. "All about Baby's Skin," a 4-page book, post free.

California Fertilizer Works

Office: 527 Merchant St., San Francisco, Cal.
Factories: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal.

J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS AND PURE BONE MEAL.

DEALERS IN.....

Fertilizer Materials!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS, NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH, FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC

Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market. The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation.

The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept Constantly on Hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

Occident and Orient!

BOTH ENDS MEET AT

HOLLISTER & CO.'S TOBACCO STORE.

Havana and Manila Cigars

Just Received ex. Stms. Belgic and Australia.

Corner Fort and Merchant Streets.

WHEELS FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

Name over a dozen items in your little ones' list to pick from for a Xmas gift, have a BICYCLE in the list and we will guarantee that the choice will be for the Bike.

We have the Juvenile Wheels in three sizes and can fit a child from four years old and up. Prices range from \$28 to \$35.

An inspection of the line will satisfy you that they are strong, well made Wheels.

Make your little one happy and at the same time give a useful present. Children's Bicycles from \$28 to \$35 at

E. O. HALL & SON, Ltd.

INSURANCE.

Theo. H. Davies & Co.

(Limited)

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company,

OF LONDON FOR FIRE AND

LIFE Established 1834.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS 43,973,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.

OF LIVERPOOL FOR MARINE.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

REDUCTION OF RATES. IMMEDIATE PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD. AGENTS

J. S. WALKER, General Agent Hawn. Isl.

Royal Insurance Company.

ALLIANCE INSURANCE CO. ALLIANCE MARINE AND GENERAL INSURANCE CO.

WILHELM OF MADDEBURG INSURANCE CO.

SUN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL UNION.

Room 12, Spreckels Block.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Agents.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms. F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Gen. Agts.

General Insurance Co. for Sea, River and Land Transport, of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms. Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO. OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reinsurance companies 6,000,000

Capital their reinsurance companies 101,850,000

Total reinsurance 107,850,000

North German Fire Insurance Co. OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reinsurance companies 8,800,000

Capital their reinsurance companies 35,000,000

Total reinsurance 43,800,000

The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc.; also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire, on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Limited.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co.

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1897

£13,558,980.

1. Authorized Capital—£3,000,000

Subscribed 2,750,000

Paid up Capital 655,500

2. Fire Fund 2,435,514

3. Life and Accident Funds 10,157,970

£13,558,980

Reserve £1,501,377

Re-insurance £1,776,511

Practically £3,277,888

The above figures are for the year ending 31st Dec. 1897.

Deposited in the Public Office in London.

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands

CASTLE & COKE

IMPORTERS

LIFE AND FIRE

INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF BOSTON.

First Fire Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE
FIRST CIRCUIT, HAWAIIAN
ISLANDS IN PROBATE - AT

CHAMBERS

In the matter of the Estate of V. Knudsen late of Kauai deceased

The petition and accounts of the administrator with the will annexed said deceased, wherein he asks that the accounts be examined and approved and that a final order be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him from further responsibility as such administrator.

It is ordered, that Monday, the 2 day of January, A. D. 1899. at

o'clock a. m., before the Judge of the Court at the Court Room of the Court at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, and the same hereby is appointed the time and place for hearing the petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.
Honolulu, December 19, 1898.
By the Court:
GEORGE LUCAS,

o'clock a. m., before the Judge of the Court at the Court Room of the Court at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, and the same hereby is appointed the time and place for hearing the petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.
Honolulu, December 19, 1898.
By the Court:
GEORGE LUCAS,

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIFTH
JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF THE H
WAIAN ISLANDS--IN PR
BATE.

In the matter of the Estate of Jar
K. Smith, late of Koloa, Kauai, d
ceased.

The petition and accounts of the e
xecutors of the will of said decease
whereby

wherein they ask that their accounts be examined and approved, and that the final order be made of distribution of the property remaining in their hands to the persons thereto entitled, and in discharging them from all further responsibility as such executors:

It is ordered that Thursday, the 12th day of January A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., before the Judge of said Court at the Court Room of said Court at Lahue, Island of Kauai, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and

wherein they ask that their accounts be examined and approved, and that the final order be made of distribution of the property remaining in their hands to the persons thereto entitled, and in discharging them from all further responsibility as such executors:

It is ordered that Thursday, the 12th day of January A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., before the Judge of said Court at the Court Room of said Court at Lahue, Island of Kauai, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and

place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property.

Lihue, Kauai, 10th December, 1898.

By the Court:

R. W. T. PURVIS,
Clerk.

2028-StT

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE
FIRST CIRCUIT — HAWAIIAN
ISLANDS.

Henri Claessens vs. Elliesie Claessens
nee Elliesie Godeke. (Stamps.)
The Republic of Hawaii:

To the Marshal of the Hawaiian
Islands, or his Deputy, Greeting:

You are commanded to summon Elliesie Claessens, nee Elliesie Godeke, defendant in case she shall file written

answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the November term thereof, to be holden at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Monday, the 7th day of November next, at ten o'clock a. m., to show cause why the claim of Henri Claessens, plaintiff, should not be awarded to him pursuant to the tenor of his annexed libel for divorce.

And have you then there this Writing

Witness Hon. Antonio Perry, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, at Honolulu, Oahu, this 11th day of October, 1898.

(Signed) P. DANSON KELLETT, Jr.,
(Seal) Clerk.

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original document.

& true copy of the original Summons
 in said cause, and that said Court or-
 dered publication of the same and a
 continuance of said cause until the
 next February, 1899, term of this
 Court.
 Dated Honolulu, November 11, 1898.
 P. DANSON KELLETT, Jr.
 2020-6tT Clerk.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of Henry Cooper, minor, late of Makawao, Maui, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present their claims duly authenticated with proper vouchers, if any exist, at my office, Wailuku, Maui, within six months from date hereof, or they will be forever barred. And all persons indebted to said estate are hereby re-

QUESTED to make immediate payment
thereof to the undersigned.

S. KAPA,
Administrator of the estate of Henry
Cooper.
Dated, Wailuku, Maui, December 8,
1898. 2028-41T

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

AT A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE

stockholders of W. W. Dimond & Co., Ltd., held at their office in Honolulu, on Wednesday, December 14, 1898, Miss L. A. Paris was elected to serve for the balance of the ensuing term as secretary vice Mr. Frank L. Unger, resigned.

2030-41T

ARTHUR GILES,
Secretary Pro Tem.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Hamakua Mill Company, held this day, at the offices of Messrs. Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd., the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year:

President	Mr. F. M. Swaney
Vice President ..	Mr. Charles Nodley
Treasurer	Mr. W. H. Badrd
Secretary	Mr. T. Clive Davies
Auditor	Mr. T. R. Keyworth.

Honolulu, Dec. 14th, 1888.
T. CLIVE DAVIES,
2029-31 Secretary.

Honolulu, Dec. 14th, 1888.
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2029-31 Secretary.

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